Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXII.—NO. 6496 PORTLAND, OREGON: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1882 PRICE—TEN CENTS.

GENERAL NEWS.

Condition of Christianity in the Hawaiian Islands.

CINCINNATI FLOODED BY A RISE OF THE OHIO RIVER.

The Minnesota Lumber Product Likely to be Small Owing to Lack of Snow in the Logging Camps.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—At Calvary Episcopal church Right Rev. Dr. Alfred Willis, bishop of Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, preached yesterday, both morning and evening. He said the Hawaiian Islands serve as stepping stones between eastern and western civilization. They are becoming rapidly colonized by Mongolian immigrants, who occupy a large number of plantations that they have saved from ruin. The Chinese population is 15,000. The Anglican church at Hawaii is an off shoot of the English communion and was founded by Kamehameha. It was at first under direction of Bishop Thomas N. Staley, under whose supervision the book of common prayer was translated in the Hawaiian language. The work of the missionaries dates from 1820. The Roman Catholic church was founded in 1835 and numbers among its members as many as the Congregationalists. The work of the church now extends over four of the islands. There are nine churches and rectors, five priests and four deacons. There are two priests in Honolulu, one at Wailuku, one on Maui, one on Hawaii and one on Kauai. There are several schools established on each of the islands under the direction of the Society of the Holy Trinity, and houses are provided for the education of Hawaiian and half white girls. The Hawaiian people are all Christians. They number 40,000, which, with 20,000 foreigners, make a population of 40,000 persons. Bishop Willis gave promises of rapid increase of membership of the Episcopal church and requested gifts for the foundation of a stone building in Honolulu to serve as a cathedral of the diocese.

High Water at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.—Heavy rain has been falling all the morning. The river at 11 o'clock is 55 feet high and rising two inches an hour. All cellars below Third street are flooded, practically suspending business in that part of the city, as a great force is kept busy removing goods. The Plum street passenger depot is inaccessible, and trains deliver passengers at Wood street. Maddux & Holbart's distillery and the Globe rolling mills have been compelled to close operations. The former have driven away all their stock, and other distilleries in the same locality will be compelled to close to-day. If the rains should stop now it is estimated there will be five feet more of a rise. What will come with more rain would make the highest water ever known.

Killed for Bad Spelling.

OMAHA, Feb. 20.—At Haverly, Neb., Sunday evening, James Cook and R. D. Raven, the latter from Kentucky, got into a dispute in a barroom about the spelling of the word "Peddler." They got into a fight, when Raven drew a revolver and shot Cook through the heart, killing him instantly. Raven was immediately arrested by bystanders and lodged in jail, and afterwards taken to Lincoln to prevent lynching by the excited and indignant friends of the deceased, who was a much respected young man. Raven is a tramp painter and was regarded as a dangerous character.

A Double Murder.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 20.—A terrible tragedy occurred yesterday near Centreville, Texas, in which two negroes named Hall were killed and their wives mortally wounded. It appears the negroes, who were riding along the road in a wagon, had some trouble with the child of a white man named Lyle. The child ran home and told its father about the affair, and the latter taking a shotgun concealed himself by the roadside. Shortly after the negroes drove by and Lyle fired upon them from his ambush, almost blowing the heads off the men and fatally wounding the women. The murderer fled. Officers have started in pursuit.

Railroads Wanted.

DEADWOOD, Feb. 20.—The counties of the hills met in convention yesterday to consider the propriety of bonding to the amount of two per cent on the assessed valuation for encouragement of railroad building to the hills. The attendance was large and showed great unanimity of sentiment. A committee was appointed to prepare a bill for congress, granting requisite authority. It is proposed to raise $700,000, the bonds to run 20 years and draw 7 per cent interest, and to be offered to the first completed line. A largely attended banquet in the evening was given by the board of trade.

Suicide of a Wyoming Character.

LARAMIE, Wy. T., Feb. 20.—Last night Mrs. John A. Grover, alias Dolly Bailey, alias Pussy Newport, alias "The Blonde," a prominent member of the demi-monde here, committed suicide by shooting herself through the head. She has had trouble with her latest husband, Mr. Grover, which is supposed to be the cause of the deed. Pussy Newport will be remembered as the woman who, while living at Lincoln, Neb., started out to reform, but afterwards said it was useless so long as the Nebraska legislature was in session.

Relics of the Blaze.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Feb. 20.—The city is full of strangers viewing the ruins of the fire. Several safes were opened and the contents mainly found unharmed. Many however were broken by falling from upper stories and in them shone melted gold and silver. The severe beating of one thief by citizens and police restrained others and no robbery is reported. Most manufacturers have arranged to start in business to-morrow. The funeral of Fireman German took place to-day.

A Clergyman Challenged.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—J. H. McVicker, the well known theater manager, in an open letter to Rev. Herrick Johnson, which the *Tribune* will publish to-morrow morning, states that if Dr. Johnson will apply to his theater the recent general statement, that no theater has stood during the past twenty-five years without producing filth on its boards he (McVicker) will convict Mr. Johnson of libel, or, failing in that, will bestow $1000 upon any charitable institution that Mr. Johnson may designate.

After the Explosion.

CHESTER, Pa., Feb. 19.—Five more of those wounded by the fire at the explosion at the old Porter mansion are in a precarious condition. The list of injured increases. Four victims were buried to-day. Funerals of the remainder will take place to-morrow. Crowds of people from the surrounding country viewed the ruins to-day.

False and Malicious.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20.—The special telegram sent out from this city, and widely copied by newspapers throughout the country, alleging undue intimacy between the wife of Hon. A. W. Campbell and George K. Wheat, a prominent merchant of Wheeling, Va., is characterized by the gentlemen as false.

WHEELING, Feb. 20.—The monstrous calumny, involving George K. Wheat and the wife of A. W. Campbell of the *Intelligencer*, is an outrageous falsehood. Mr. Campbell and Mr. Wheat deny it totally over their signatures, and Sunday papers here explode the story by showing that Mrs. Campbell was out of town at the time.

Anxiety Over the Lumber Crop.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 20.—Serious concern is felt here lest the partial wheat failure of last summer is to be followed by a failure of the great winter crop of the northwest—pine lumber. The open winter and lack of snow has made it difficult to get logging roads to the banks of the streams. The warm weather of last week has made such imperfect roads as were constructed impassable.

Print Works Burned.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Feb. 20.—A fire in the Albion print works, on Water street, destroyed the entire stock, worth $50,000, and stocks of several other firms in the same building. Total loss $150,000. The charred body of an unknown man was found on the second floor when the fire was subdued. A number of persons are missing.

Death of an Old Congressman.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Ex-Congressman William B. McLay died yesterday at his residence, 68 Second avenue. He had been suffering for a considerable time from an obstruction of the bowels which terminated his life. McLay was born in this city, May 1, 1815.

Prize Fight in Illinois.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 20.—Several hundred coal miners and some St. Louis sports witnessed a prize fight at Pittsburg, Ills., on Saturday between Larry O'Brien and Edward Denton. Twelve rounds were fought in 85 minutes, both being badly battered and O'Brien winning.

Plundered of their Savings.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 20.—Five masked men entered the farm house of Michael Ulrich, five miles east of here, last night and intimidated the aged couple into surrendering $1000 secreted in chests and kettles in an adjoining building.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Skobeleff Sticks to his Speech

PARIS, Feb. 20.—Gen. Skobeleff has informed an interviewer that he made his recent speech simply as a private individual and although the report of his speech was exaggerated he adhered to the spirit thereof. He altogether deprecated the importance attached to his utterances.

King William Indignant.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The *Standard's* Berlin special says: The emperor expressed the deepest indignation and sorrow at Gen. Skobeleff's remarks. He said that if such wanton provocations were continued he would be compelled to resort to energetic measures. The *Daily News'* Berlin correspondent telegraphs that he has heard from semi-official sources that the government intends to ignore Gen. Skobeleff's speech for the present.

The Peace of Europe Endangered.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The *Times*, commenting on Skobeleff's speech, says: The Russian government by its laxness in discipline becomes morally responsible for a state of things distinctly endangering the peace of Europe. Gen. Skobeleff's position cannot fail to breed alarm and suspicion in the financial and political world and Europe.

Vienna Agitated.

VIENNA, Feb. 20.—The entire press here condemns Gen. Skobeleff's recent speech. *Fremdenblatt* says the speech is significant because thousands of Russians hold the same views. The *Panslavist* sees in it great danger for Russia.

The Sardinia Disaster.

Two of the Sardinia's passengers transferred to the Nederland state that the captain of the Nederland declined to take the Sardinia in tow as his vessel had to carry the mails, but offered to take the Sardinia's passengers. When the Nederland left the fourth jury rudder was being fixed. The Nederland left the Sardinia on the 8th inst. 900 miles from Queenstown with her stern leaking.

Will probably Fail.

BERNE, Feb. 20.—The proposed federal council to conclude an international treaty fixing the standard for gold and silver coinage will be refused by England, Germany, France, Italy and other powers.

THE REMINGTONS.

Men who have made Big Fortunes out of Fire-arms.

New York Letter to Cincinnati Gazette.

The Remington Brothers, whose New York establishment for the sale of arms, and also the sewing machines and the type-writer, is so well known, are a remarkable trio. Samuel Remington represents the house in this city, while Philo and Eliphalet conduct the manufacturing department in Ilion. The history of this firm contains some points of more than usual interest. Sixty years ago Eliphalet Remington, an ingenious and industrious blacksmith, lived in the vicinity of what is now Ilion. Game was then plenty, and being in need of a rifle for his own use, he undertook the manufacture of a barrel, which was rudely fitted with a stock, and proved a success. He then made others for his neighbors, and soon won a reputation for such weapons. Eventually a Utica gunsmith gave him orders for all he could make, since in point of straightness and accuracy they excelled the best productions of Birmingham and Enfield. In 1829 Eliphalet Remington removed to the locality of the present works, which was then a meadow with a fine water power. Here he erected machinery and continued the gun making, assisted by his three sons. In 1861 the old gentleman died, leaving to his sons a good name and the inception of a great business. He had no idea, however, of the future which was before them, and which was so suddenly to open in such wonderful power.

When the rebellion broke out our government saw its need of arms. The old-fashioned musket, with which our troops were first equipped, was altogether unsuitable, and it was then that the Remingtons proved adequate to the emergency. They built an enormous armory and supplied the government with their improved rifles at a lower rate than elsewhere. The Remington rifle is lighter than the English (Enfield) rifle, and at the same time is more accurate. The Remingtons, indeed, had introduced all modern improvements, and in addition to rifles they manufactured a superior revolver, which the government soon ordered for cavalry service. The Remington revolver was sold for one-half the price of Colt's, though it cost fully as much to manufacture, and hence the saving to our government on a contract of 30,000 was $300,000. During the rebellion the Remington establishment was in operation day and night, and 500 workmen were employed. Every weapon, after it was finished, was tested by the government inspector, and as they went into efficient service, it may be said that these brothers did their share toward the suppression of southern treason.

In view of the close of hostilities the Remingtons prepared for the arts of peace by building an extensive agricultural works, which has for years been in successful operation. They also introduced the Remington sewing machine, and to this was added the type-writer. Their arms, however, had reached such fame in Europe that one of the firm (Samuel) went abroad and remained several years. He made contracts with a number of European powers, and also with the khedive of Egypt, and the superiority of the Remington arms was generally admitted. A few years ago Samuel Remington returned and established himself in this city as the agent of the firm, and the type-writer forms a leading feature in the business.

I had occasion recently to visit Ilion after an interval of nineteen years, and noticed the changes and improvements. When I first knew the spot (1850), the old gentleman was making rifle barrels in a small way, assisted by Philo, Samuel kept a store, and Eliphalet was but a boy. The village hardly contained more than a score of dwellings, and no one then could have imagined its future importance. In 1853 I was again called thither, and found a large place, alive with the intensity of the great conflict. Eliphalet had become an active member of the firm, while Samuel was attending to government contracts and Philo was superintending the vast operations. Last week I was there again and met Philo, who is but little changed by the lapse of intervening years. Eliphalet is a little stouter, but has the same genial manners. The works were in active operation, and the population now numbers 4000, most of whom depend on the Remingtons. It is certainly remarkable that this trio of brothers should have lived so long and remained so united, not only in business but in fraternal affection. The Remingtons are noted for beneficence, but I do not mention this to encourage begging letters.

TELEGRAPHIC SPARKS.

Two more victims of the Chester explosion died Sunday night.

Waldeck Rousse, Sr., and Madame Celeste, died in Paris on the 19th inst.

The London lord mayor's Jewish relief fund amounts to £50,000 at present.

Miles Thompson was hanged at Dallas, Tex., on the 19th inst for rape and murder.

The Protestant churches of Washington adopted anti-polygamy resolutions on Sunday.

Senator Rollins has reported favorably the bill for a public building at Carson City, Nevada.

The latest reports from the Haverhill fire estimate the losses at $2,500,000 and insurance at $2,000,000.

A fire at Bellevue, Mich., on Sunday destroyed 16 stores and dwellings. Loss, $45,000; insured, $40,000.

The military at Carrick-on-Suir, Ireland, were fired on by a party of men on Saturday, while evicting a tenant.

Abraham Nielson of Pittsburg beat his wife so badly on Sunday that she died from the effects in half an hour.

The aged parents of James Johnson, near Halifax, Nova Scotia, were burned to death in his house on the 19th inst.

Telegrams received from along the Ohio river on Sunday report the river rising rapidly and a great flood is feared.

Mayor King, of Philadelphia, has received several letters from Maryland and Texas offering lands to Jewish refugees.

Two freight trains on the Atlanta and Charlotte railroad were wrecked by a collision on the 19th inst, and three men injured.

Gen. Ignatieff has informed a Jewish rabbi that the Russian government would neither oppose nor encourage Jewish emigration.

Senator Plumb has reported favorably a bill granting to California 5 per cent. of the net proceeds of sales of public lands in that state.

The greater portion of Helena, Ark., was under four feet of water on Sunday last, and reports of broken levees were coming in constantly.

Rev. Samuel Johnson, a co-laborer with Garrison and Wendell Phillips in anti-slavery times, died at Lawrence, Mass., on the 20th inst., aged 65.

Director Burchard of the mint has decided that mutilated coin will be considered as bullion only, and refilling with gold or silver does not make it legal currency. Secretary Folger approves the decision.

The World's Live Stock.

The figures printed below, showing the difference in the number of domestic animals in Europe and the United States, are taken from the books of the agricultural department at Washington, and may be relied upon as approximately correct:

Horses—Europe has 31,673,603 horses; Great Britain having 2,101,100; Russia, 40,160,000; Austria, 1,367,023; Hungary, 1,158,819; Prussia, 2,278,724; and France, 2,742,708; the other countries having less than 1,000,000 each, while the United States has but 10,038,700, or 29,034,063 less than all Europe.

Mules and asses—Europe has 4,136,031 mules and asses; Spain having 2,319,846; Italy, 718,222; France, 705,043; Portugal, 188,640; the other countries having less than 100,000 each, while the United States has but $1,713,100, or 2,422,931 less than all Europe.

Cattle—There are in Europe 89,678,348 cattle; Great Britain having 6,002,000; Ireland, 4,142,400; Sweden, 2,026,330; Russia, 22,770,000; Austria, 7,425,112; Hungary, 5,279,183; Prussia, 8,612,150; Bavaria, 3,076,263; France, 11,721,459; Spain, 2,967,303; Italy, 3,489,125; the other countries having less than 2,000,000 each, while there are in the United States 33,234,500 cattle, or 56,443,748 less than in all Europe.

Sheep—There are in Europe 194,026,235 sheep; Great Britain having 29,995,900; Ireland, 4,462,000; Russia, 25,432,000; Austria, 5,026,398; Hungary, 15,086,988; Prussia, 19,624,858; France, 25,035,114; Portugal, 2,706,777; Spain, 22,468,969; Italy, 7,084,049; Roumania, 4,786,317; the other countries having less than 2,000,000 each, while the United States has 38,123,800 sheep, or 152,902,436 less than all Europe.

Swine—There are in Europe 42,086,493 swine; Great Britian having 2,519,300; Ireland, 1,042,244; Russia, 9,200,000; Austria, 2,551,473; Hungary, 1,443,270; Prussia, 4,278,531; France, 4,765,656; Spain, 4,351,736; Italy, 1,553,582; the other countries having less than 1,000,000 each, while the United States has 34,766,100, or 7,320,393 less than Europe.

By comparing all Europe with the United States, the conclusion may be jumped at that the disparity between the number of domestic animals in the two countries makes a bad showing for the United States. Not at all. When the question of population is taken into consideration, it will be seen that the United States is vastly in advance of Europe. Europe has a population of about 270,000,000, while the United States has about 50,000,000. The question of domestic animals relates far more to population than to square miles, and when our population equals that of Europe, which it is likely to do after a century or two, the increase of domestic animals in the United States will place her far in advance of Europe.

Coulson, Montana.

It is expected that this new metropolis, on the line of the Northern Pacific railroad, will enjoy a big boom on the opening of spring, says a late number of the Bismarck *Tribune*. It is already the Mecca to which the superfluous population of Miles City and other centers of civilization in the country west of Bismarck are drifting. During a conversation recently with Phil. Brady, who arrived here from St. Louis with $10,000 worth of mules and wagons to work on the railroad grade in the vicinity of Coulson, the *Tribune* learned that the country round about there embraces an unusual area of tillable land, which extends to the distant mountains on either side in vast terraces. The soil, Mr. Brady assures us, is of a dark, rich loam, and in his judgment will grow cereals of every description, besides garden truck. He has great expectations of the future of that infant metropolis. It will be the cattle-shipping point in Montana for some time to come, and will always rank among the leading stock-shipping stations on the road. It is the nearest railroad point for the stock raiser in the Judith basin, the Musselshell valley, and other ranges further north towards Fort Benton. The road will reach Coulson some time early next summer, when no doubt it will be one of the liveliest of towns.

When it was made known some months ago that Ismail Pasha, the ex-khedive of Egypt, had gone to live in Rome, intending to set up his harem almost within the shadows of the vatican, much comment was made on the anomalous character of the situation. It seems not, however, to have much disturbed the serenity of the pope, for he received in a private audience two weeks ago three sons of the fallen viceroy, Ismail himself, and several members of his suite. After this audience the ex-khedival party went to pay the customary visit of etiquette to the pontifical secretary of state, Cardinal Jacobini.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Christiancy Contributes his Share of South American Correspondence.

BLAINE SPOKEN OF AS A DEMOCRATIC STANDARD BEARER.

John C. New may not Accept a Position in the Treasury Department—Star Routers Jubilant.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The correspondence relative to Chili and Peru clearly shows that if our government had insisted on the negotiation and maintenance of the Calderon government it would have been necessary to have resorted to arms. Minister Christiancy so reported in March last. Calderon made some rather humiliating appeals to the conquering Chilians for the head of a government who could claim the support of the United States. Mr. Christiancy on March 9th said Calderon found great difficulty in getting proper ministers to hold offices under him, but when he finally thought he had got this arranged he for the first time as it would seem began to inquire how far his Chilian friends meant to allow his government to govern. He requested that the Chilian army should be withdrawn from the territory of Lima; that he should be allowed to occupy the government palace and raise over it the Peruvian flag, and that he should be allowed to control the custom house and the collection of duties, etc., all of which was refused; whereupon, as I understand, his proposed ministers refused to act and he himself was disposed to decline the task of forming a government.

On March 31st Mr. Christiancy reported that the new Peruvian government, of which Mr. Garcia Calderon is the head, does not seem likely to be recognized by the people of Peru, and so far as any manifestations of popular will have come to my knowledge the mass of people seems likely to continue its adherence to the dictator Pierola. About the same time Mr. Christiancy informed the state department that "the influence of the United States on this coast upon any question connected with the present war or the settlement of peace, can only be secured by active intervention in some form against the will of the Chilian government. Whether our government is prepared to take this attitude it is for your department, and not for me, to decide." Mr. Christiancy felt compelled to protest against the barbarian acts of Chili as a conqueror, in that Chili claimed the right to remove all public libraries, paintings and statuary from captured Lima. "For myself I look upon the act as a violation of the rules of civilized warfare, which calls for an earnest protest on behalf of all civilized nations, and I have been in favor of such a protest being made by the diplomatic corps here."

Star Routers Jubilant.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Star route sympathyzers in Washington are trying to cover up their disappointment at Judge Snell's decision, in the straw bonds cases by exulting over the failure of star route prosecutions in Judge Dundy's court at Omaha. Col. George Bliss, when asked of these cases, said they were local prosecutions not under his control, and he knew little of them. The cases originated in the confession of the postmaster of Deadwood, that he had been giving false certificates of arrival of mails in order to enable contractors to draw their full pay, though they had not fulfilled their contracts. This confession was obtained by postoffice inspector Furay, in an investigation set on foot by himself. The strong local influences of mail contractors in that region [Munroe Salisbury, one of the largest mail contractors, lives at Deadwood] delayed an indictment of the guilty person, but it was finally had. On trial, however, the Deadwood postmaster refused to testify, on the ground that he would criminate himself. Col. Bliss infers that the failure of this witness, upon whom prosecution seems to have unwisely depended, broke down the case. He is inclined to think the same strong local influence has also inspired the favorable tone of the dispatches from there regarding them, and has begun a movement for Mr. Furay's removal. A Deadwood paper a few days ago published bitter charges against him. Yesterday morning as soon as the paper arrived it was carried to the postmaster general by a person who has professed to be in active sympathy with the star route prosecutions, and presented as a reason for Furay's removal. These incidents illustrate the influence of the contractors.

Senator Miller Hopeful.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Senator Miller is very hopeful that despite various obstacles now in view he will succeed in bringing the Chinese bill before the senate to-morrow. The present obstacles are the arrears of pension resolution, which will come up at the end of the morning hour as unfinished business, but he thinks debate on this subject is about exhausted and that the resolution will be disposed of without consuming much additional time. When it is out of the way the senate will be called upon to decide as to whether precedence be given the China bill or to the tariff commission bill, which Morrill intends to urge on the ground that it already has been partly discussed from time to time, and that unfinished business of national importance is entitled to precedence over any new measure. There will also doubtless be another strong competition for immediate attention of the senate. The house or apportionment bill will be reported from the senate census committee to-morrow during the morning hour with request for present consideration. A single objection will suffice to throw it over till Tuesday, but in that event an effort will be made by numerous advocates of speedy action on this measure to prevent taking up any other business before adjourning to-morrow, which would be likely to interfere with it the next day, and if the question of precedence between the Chinese and tariff commission bill is not decided to-morrow, both of them will undoubtedly be antagonized Tuesday. By this formidable competition it is possible, however, an arrangement may be effected by which the senate will agree to take up the China bill to-morrow afternoon, with understanding that it shall be laid aside temporarily to permit passage of the apportionment bill. It is also not improbable that the bill having unanimous recommendation of the senate committee on census may be taken up by unanimous consent and passed without any extended debate during to-morrow's forenoon hour.

The Apportionment Bill.

The prospect for prompt and favorable action by the senate on the house bill is greatly strengthened by the fact well known to most senators, although not as yet brought very prominently into public view, that it gives little or no advantage to either of the great political parties under its provisions, even to republican states, namely: California, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin gain 19 republicans, but three republican states, namely: Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont lose 3, leaving the total republican gain only 16. Ten democratic states, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia, gain 15 members. New York, therefore, will settle the net result of the one member, and if by that state apportioned to Brooklyn or New York city the democrats will, of course, elect him, and neither party will reap any advantage from the reapportionment bill, but if he is elected by the state at large the republicans will gain two more votes in the new congress. It is of interest to note in this connection that the republicans will unquestionably make a strong effort to admit South Dakota as a state, which, if successful, will doubtless settle the complexion of the senate for at least four years, and very probably determine the control of the house for a like period.

Blaine as a Democratic Standard-bearer.

A western press reporter this morning interviewed several leading democrats in regard to the reported scheme to run Blaine and Voorhees as candidates in 1884. Voorhees characterized the story as too absurd to be noticed. Senator Morgan pronounced the whole story a fiction, saying: "I don't think Blaine would ever trust his political fortunes to such democrats as Voorhees, Jere Black and myself. I like Mr. Blaine very much, personally, but I believe in straight, unadulterated democracy, and would rather lose with a simon-pure democratic candidate than win by a coalition and mixture of principles." Among democrats generally the story is laughed at, but a few, however, are inclined to shake their heads and say things are drifting that way.

An Undecided Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Representative Manning states that the committee of the American Bar Association appointed to consider methods for relieving the United States supreme court of over pressure of business upon it will report soon. He says ex-Secretary Evarts, chairman of the committee, and Merrick of Washington, Phelps of Vermont, and Parker of New Jersey will report in favor of the adoption of his (Manning's) plan. Hitchcock of St. Louis is opposed to this plan, and King of Ohio, Stephens of Georgia and Bradley of Rhode Island are inclined to the other plan.

Postoffice Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Copies of correspondence in regard to weighing mails on railroads between New York and Chicago will to-day be placed upon the desks of members of the house in answer to a call for information. In one letter Postmaster General James asked William H. Vanderbilt to transfer a postal car from an express to the fast train between Buffalo and Chicago and accept $60,000 to $70,000 additional compensation without running any more cars.

A Bill to Reduce Naval Expenses.

Senator McPherson is preparing a bill in regard to the navy which provides for the abolition of all navy yards except those at Brooklyn, Pensacola and Mare Island, on the ground that when we have no navy the others are not needed. The bill will also provide for a large reduction of the pay corps, the medical corps and other branches of that establishment, because of the great number of commissioned officers in proportion to the number of seamen.

John C. New may not Accept.

Secretary Folger says he has not yet heard whether New intends to accept the secretaryship or not. New is in the city and has been in consultation with some of his friends about the matter. He has not yet called upon Folger, and this fact has caused some people to believe he does not intend to accept the position if confirmed by the senate.

Shepherd in Trouble.

The list of names contained in the Peruvian correspondence was received in Washington with indifference. The *Tribune's* correspondence shows that at no time has the state department given Shepherd the least encouragement, Blaine having once even threatened to begin criminal proceedings against him for attempting to bribe Gen. Hurlbut. Inquiry in this city has revealed the fact that in nearly every instance Shepherd's use of names of prominent men was without authority.

Another Soul made Happy.

John H. Meadows, a sweeper employed in the postoffice at two dollars a day has received information from Milton Springs, Cal., that he has fallen heir to property worth [illegible] left to him by John Williams, a mining speculator.

Otis Hathaway, Esq., 13 Rock street, Fall River, Mass., had a very bad attack of rheumatism, which racked him sorely. Finally he could scarcely move. St. Jacobs Oil was tried, and proved to be the only remedy that did any good. Two weeks' use of it rendered him as chipper and as active as ever.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

Marriage of Lieutenant Hillner.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—To-day the marriage ceremony of Lieut. Louis Hillner, of the U. S. coast survey steamer McArthur, and Miss Susie Coffey took place at Grace Episcopal church. The bride is the daughter of Colonel Coffey, of South Park. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Platt, rector of the church, in the presence of a large number of guests. On leaving the church the bridal party were driven to the residence of Colonel Coffey, where a brief reception was held. Lieutenant Hillner and bride left this afternoon on the overland train for the eastern states.

Died of his Injuries.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—James Armstrong, who was badly gored a few days ago by an infuriated cow, died this morning of his injuries.

A Horrible Fate.

OAKLAND, Feb. 20.—Sarah Rettliff, aged 23, daughter of Wm. Rettliff, of San Joaquin county, seven miles south of Farmington, while in a fit fell in the fire. Her clothes caught and were entirely consumed, burning her in a shocking manner. Her parents in attempting to extinguish the flames set the house on fire, which with its contents were consumed. She cannot recover.

Died.

SAN DIEGO, Feb. 20.—John Forster, widely known as Don Juan Forster, died this morning at his residence at Santa Margarita of erysipelas, aged 67 years.

At National City last night a man named Bradley was dangerously stabbed by one Doyle, who is now in jail.

NEVADA.

Comstock Notes.

VIRGINIA, Feb. 19.—In the Sierra Nevada the drifts and cross cuts on the 2500 foot level are making the usual progress in the vein; the material giving low assays. On the 2500 foot level the north drift is out 11 feet. At the Union nothing has been done in one section this week. The joint Union and Sierra Nevada and the joint Mexican and Union winzes lack 58 feet of being connected and progress in the drift, north and south, having been 62 feet during the past week. At Yellow Jacket the water is above the 2700 foot level and still rising. When it reaches the 2560 level of Belcher and Crown Point their pumps will assist the pumps now throwing 102 miners' inches of water out. The water is said to come from a large body on the 2900 foot level of Exchequer. The Savage connection is not yet made, probably through some fault in the survey.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

The Cheney Accident.

SPOKANE FALLS, Feb. 20.—On Friday night, while engines 103 and 20 were driving a snowplow and hauling several flat cars, a caboose and coach on the way between Cheney and Marshall, and just after the brakemen had let off brakes on the coach at the rear of the train, the hind trucks of the coach left the track. After the train hands had sprung to the brakes they signaled the engineers to stop; but the smoke of the locomotive obscured the view and the hind end of the truck swung down a 12 feet embankment and the forward trucks jumped the track, causing the box car and caboose to leave the rail. The coupling broke and left the coach and caboose. The former was badly jammed and Jack McDonald severely sprained both ankles. Tom O'Connor was considerably injured also. Both are doing well under the care of doctors.

Port Townsend Notes.

PORT TOWNSEND, Feb. 20.—The steamship Geo. W. Elder sailed from here about 1 o'clock this morning. Following is her list of passengers: W. M. Crown, H. E. Norwald, H. E. Levy, Miss Dora Blake, Mrs. M. King and son, H. Marshall, J. H. Chilberg and wife, H. W. Rothschild, Edw. Conheim, T. S. Stephens, Alphonse Galnur, D. Gross, P. Westblade, T. Flanagan, Rev. George M. Eshleshelmer, Mrs. Roberts and daughter, and 24 in the steerage.

The Am. ship Great Admiral, Capt. B. Thompson, arrived to-day 111 days from Philadelphia with a load of railroad material for the Northern Pacific railroad, and reports the drowning of Andrew Hogden and Alfred Inensen, washed overboard December 15th, both natives of Sweden. Passed the ship Annie H. Smith from Philadelphia, off Tatoosh light February 19th. The Great Admiral proceeded at once to New Tacoma.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Victoria Notes.

VICTORIA, Feb. 20.—John Tod, an old Hudson bay trader, aged about ninety years, is lying dangerously ill in this city. Mr. Tod was seventy years in the company's employ, and crossed the plains to the Pacific coast in 1812.

Telegrams from Kamloops report the loss of the express sleigh with two horses while crossing Kamloops lake by the ice giving way. The mail sleigh also broke through, but the mails were saved. The passengers and drivers were immersed for some time, but escaped with their lives, though badly frozen in the feet and hands.

A thaw has set in and snow and ice are going.

The steamship G. W. Elder with the following Victoria passengers sailed at 11 o'clock this morning for San Francisco: R. Dunsmuir, Mrs. Dunsmuir, Miss Dunsmuir, Miss Jessie Dunsmuir, Senator Nelson, A. B. Gray, Mrs. T. Good and child, J. D. Pemberton, Mrs. Pemberton, W. E. Onsterhaut, H. C. Pettingill, J. P. Howe, Miss Moggie Knowland, Mrs Nagle Mrs. P. Hankin, John Turner, E. Woods, Mrs. E. Woods, Miss G. Davey, Miss M. Davey, M. J. Money, R. J. Stephens, Hoyt Wall, W. J. Robinson, F. Schrelle, Albert Rouig.

The wreck of the 21st of May is reported to be in precisely the same condition as she was a month ago. It will take a stiff northeaster to finish breaking her up. The forepart of the vessel is still holding together, with no signs of going to pieces.

A sale of Port Moody lots took place yesterday to the extent of $12,500 on Clarke's property.

A man named John Thomas, generally called "Frenchy," well known as a steamboat hand here and at Burrard Inlet, is supposed to have stepped off the wharf or the schooner Matilda, on which he was employed, and drowned on Thursday morning last.

This community has met with a severe loss in the death of Father Leroy, which took place yesterday. The deceased was a native of Belgium, and was one of the most devoted Christian workers in this diocese.

James Fell, a prominent citizen, slipped on the ice last night and broke his arm.

THEOLOGY IN THE QUARTERS.

Now, I's got a notion in my head dat when you come to die,
An' stan' de 'zamination in de Cote-House in de sky,
You'll be 'stonished at de questions dat de angel's gwine to ax
When he gits you on de witness stan' an' pin you to de fac's;
'Cause he'll ax you mighty closely 'bout your doin's in de night,
An' de water million question's gwine to bodder you a sight!
Den your eyes'll open wider dan dey ebber done befo',
When he chats you 'bout a chicken scrape dat happened long ago!
De angels on de picket line erlong de Milky way
Keeps a watchin' what you're drillin' at, an' hearin' What you say;
No matter what you want to do, no matter whar you's gwine,
Dey's mighty ap' to find it out an' pass it 'long de line:
An' of'en at de meetin', when you make a fuss an' laugh,
Why, dey send de news a kitin' by de golden telegraph;
Den, de angel in de orfis, what's a settin' by de gate,
Jes' reads de message wid a look an' claps it on de slate!
Den you better do your duty well and keep your conscience clear,
An' keep a lookin' straight ahead an' watchin' whar you steer;
'Cause arter while de time'll come to journey from de lan',
An' dey'll take you way up in de a'r an' put you on de stan';
Den you'll hab to listen to de clerk an' answer mighty straight,
Ef you ebber spec' to trabble froo de alapaster gate!

—*Century for January.*

FOREIGN MEN AND AFFAIRS.

The German government is about to purchase the Thuringian railway, which traverses the territory of the grand duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha. One of the conditions of the sale is understood to be that the grand duke and his heir, the duke of Edinburg, shall be treated with the same honors when traveling on the road that are paid to the German emperor when he rides on the street railways of Prussia.

Richard Wagner is still at Palermo with his family. He lives in great retirement there, and is engaged in finishing his "Parsifal," of the main features of which an extended and authentic account was given several weeks ago. It is reported that after the work has left his hands he will go to Greece for a residence of some months, his object being to make studies on the spot for a new opera drawn from Greek mythology.

Gambetta's late foreign minister, M. Weiss, is the son of a Helvetian Jew who entered Bontemps' Swiss regiment as a band master. He was born at Bayonne, and during his boyhood had much military drill, but took afterward to letters, and, under the empire, had become well known and influential. Napoleon III. always felt uneasy in his presence. His small observant eye and sarcastic smile he did not like. The emperor even observed that his hands were dirty. He and Gambetta became early friends. At the Baudin trial they stood side by side. One likened the emperor to Catiline and the other to Tiberius.

The Northern Pacific.

The Bismarck (Dakota) *Tribune* says: The country along the western end of the Northern Pacific railroad is not booming as it is at this end. Here new towns are springing into existence, farms are being opened and great cattle ranges located, while on the Pend d'Oreille lake [illegible] efforts to build up even one city are likely to prove a failure. From Westwood to the lake, a distance of forty miles, there are no settlers, nor are there any around the lake, not even an Indian being seen in the winter. The forest stands unbroken, except as the railroad grade cuts its way through fir and hemlock. The cedar and other [illegible] timber is dense and extensive along the line, and stretches for miles along the margin of the lake. The chances there for a city are somewhat remote, should it have to depend upon a farming country to build it up.

Have Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry always at hand. It cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Influenza, Consumption, and all Throat and Lung Complaints. 50 cents and $1 a bottle.

VARIOUS ITEMS.

The crop of almanacs for 1882 is very copious and most of them abound with excellent jokes of which the following is a sample: "Dear Sir: For two long years I was confined to my bed. The doctors gave me up as incurable. I was finally induced to try a bottle of your Lightning Lubricating Liver Lotion, and now," etc.

Touching timidity: Jones is a timid man. He lives out of town, and out of town he has remained for a month. Every morning he starts for the train, gets nearly as far as the railroad, sees the red flag at the station and returns homeward, wondering how much longer that case of small-pox is to keep him away from the depot.

Did it ever stwike you ge'ntle weadah, that no moah beautiful poem than "How does my lady's garden gwow" was evah witten? How twooly tendah and lovely are those pwecious lines. "With silvah bells and cockle shells, and pwitty maids all in a wow!" How twoo, how tendah, how consummately denced pwecious.—Chris. Union.

In the stone floor of the Grafton (W. Va.) court house vestibule is the word "Justice," in large letters. An old resident who had just lost a suit was walking out of the building, sadly and with eyes cast down. Seeing the letters in the floor he halted, uncovered his head, and spoke: "Justice, I knew you were dead, but I didn't know where you were buried until now."

The Boston Methodist missionary society received quite a shock the other day when its secretary read a note just handed in by a sea-captain. It was written by the chief of a large island in the south seas, and in which he pathetically requested that if no more missionaries could be sent this year, for heaven's sake to forward some canned pork, as the winter had been a very hard one indeed.

"Poor man," exclaimed the good Samaritan, feeling for his loose change and depositing a quarter in the tramp's extended palm: "how my heart bleeds for you. You will go and get something to eat now?" "Not immediately," answered the grateful wanderer; "I stole a bottle of whisky this morning, and I've been begging all day to try and get money enough to buy a corkscrew."—Brooklyn Eagle.

A youngster in this city who had been put into a corner the other day for sundry atrocious misdemeanors, was told by her mother that if she was not a good girl there was reason to believe that she would not go to heaven. Instantly the query came: "Why, does everybody have to be good in heaven all the time?" "Yes," was the reply. "Well, then," said the culprit, "I guess I don't want to go to heaven. I'll stay here, and God needn't look."

A newly married pair on their wedding tour stopped at Hotel Bemott on Friday, and being given a room, were escorted to the elevator. After viewing the interior of the little room in the elevator, the groom stepped out and asked the clerk if he took him for a greenhorn. The clerk replied in the negative. "Then give me a room with a bed in it," replied the unsophisticated young man. Matters were explained and the elevator shot upward to the third story.—Binghamton Leader.

You have doubtless heard of the system of our southern farmers giving a "deed of trust" on everything to obtain necessary supplies. A friend of mine who was so unfortunate as to be in this condition had a bright two-year-old boy, who had heard his father say that everything he had belonged to Mr. G——. The baby, a few months old, was lying on the floor kicking up a very fine pair of legs, when Master Two-years said, critically examining them, "Mighty purty legs' but dey 'longs to Mr. G——."

There's many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip. Commercial—Waiter, bring me a chop, potatoes and pint of bitter. Waiter (blandly)—There ain't none in the house, sir. Commercial—Well, never mind, some cold meat will do. Waiter (more blandly)—There ain't none in the house, sir. Commercial—No cold meat? then bring me some bread and cheese. Waiter (beaming)—There ain't none in the house, sir. Commercial (angrily)—What the devil is there in the house? Waiter (confidentially)—Well, there's a hexecution, sir.—Judy.

Two little girls, Lily and Violet, were playing in a yard where they had strung some twine for a clothes line, and were washing their dolls' garments in a diminutive tub, and hanging them out to dry. Along came Lily's brother, Master Jack, the juvenile tease, and with one sweep of his hand jerked the whole day's washing from the line and scattered it on the grass. Lily bubbled over in tears at once. Violet was saddened, too, but the necessity of playing peacemaker in the impending family quarrel was the first thought in her mind; so she said soothingly, "Never mind, Lily; let's play Jack was a high wind."

The little girl who was not far from right—a story by the Port Jervis *Union*: A gentleman of this village has a family of three or four little girls. Not long since the children were talking about a pair of twins. One of them, an older one, turned to her father and said: "Papa, what do they call it when three babies come at once?" A little one, who was much interested in the conversation, and who had heard talk about the small-pox, at once interrupted and said with much animation: "I know papa." "Well, what do they call it?" said the father. "An epidemic," said the little one, proudly displaying her knowledge.

The outrageous absurdities of Elagabulus equaled or surpassed those of Caligula and Nero. He fed the officers of his place with the brains of pheasants and thrushes, the eggs of partridges, and the heads of parrots. Among the dishes served at his own table were peas mashed with grains of gold, beans fricasseed with morsels of amber, and rice mixed with pearls. His meals were frequently composed of 22 services. Turning roofs threw flowers with such profusion on the guests that they were nearly smothered. At the sea-side he never ate fish, but when far inland he caused the roe of the rarest to be distributed among his suite.

He wasn't quite six years of age, but a close observer, and a resident of Roseburg. His mother had dressed him up in his "best bib and tucker," and his father took him to the saloon where there was a game of pool going on. The boy told his mother this story when he got home: "Oh, mamma! There was four men playing marbles on a green table with sticks; and papa played marbles with them, too. One man said, "five," another said "ten," another said "fifteen," and the little man said "pool;" and then all the men went up to the table before the bottles and glasses and took medicine. I know'd it was medicine, mamma, because papa said so; and, mamma, they all had awful bellyaches, for they all took medicine when the man said "pool"—and papa, too." That boy hasn't seen a pool table since, although his mother does want him to attend to his father on Sundays.—Independent.

A good story is told of the late Edmund Burke, of New Hampshire. When in congress he had a controversy with a Mr. Arnold of Tennessee, who spoke of New Hampshire as a state whose chief products were ice and granite, and sneeringly suggested that its representative was less like his namesake, the English statesman, than like Burke, the "burker." In his response Mr. Burke said he was at a loss to know whether the Tennessee representative was like Benedict Arnold or some other Arnold; and, referring to the products of that gentleman's district as consisting mainly of dogs and hoop-poles, brought down the house with the suggestion that, while the hoop-poles were sent westward and down the Missippi river, the dogs traveled eastward toward the national capital. This was the last ever heard of poor Arnold.—Boston Commonwealth.

An unusual number of accidents have recently occurred in the hunting fields in England. Lord John Manners fell from his horse while hunting with the Belvoir hounds, sprained his wrist seriously and slightly injured his neck. The Rev. T. Heathcott, while following the Duke of Rutland's hounds, came to an unusually bad fence, his horse at the same time slipping into a ditch and pitching him over into an adjoining field. From the severe shock which Mr. Heathcott received his limbs became paralyzed, and he remains in a precarious condition. While Lord Grey de Wilton was out with his hounds, his horse suddenly threw up his head, striking him on the eye with great violence. Mr. Briggs, who for the last seven years has had a large stud of hunters at White church, sustained a fracture of the collar-bone by being thrown from his horse while hunting with the Cheshire hounds at Tattenhall.

Since the Introduction of Hub Punch the brewing of ordinary punches has been rendered unnecessary. Hub Punch is now an indispensable auxiliary to a well supplied larder or sideboard.

Sold by all Grocers, Wine Merchants and Druggists. Trade supplied by Richardson & Harrison, Agents for Pacific Coast, San Francisco.

Origin of Some Nursery Rhymes.

"Cinderella; or the Glass Slipper," is a very old story. Thousands of years ago it was told to girls and boys. The original read that an eagle stole the slipper of a very pretty Egyptian lady and bore it off. The eagle dropped it, and some one carried it to the king, who made it known all over his kingdom that he would marry the lady whose tiny foot it should fit. And so Cinderella, the cinder-girl, became queen. In France, Germany and this country the story has taken several shapes, and has always been a favorite.

"Little Jack Horner" has the following history: In England, in the reign of Henry VIII., there lived a Mr. Horner. Henry, the king, wished to tear down all the fine monasteries and abbeys of England, sell their lands and pocket the money. This Mr. Horner was butler, or something, to an old abbot, who thought he would gain favor with Henry by giving him twelve of his very best and richest monasteries. So the abbot sent deeds of them to the king by this John Horner. But Horner thought, as he "sat in the corner" of his carriage on his way to the king, that he would see what all those great papers which he was carrying should mean. "He put in his thumb and pulled out a plum"—*i. e.*, he opened and read the deeds, put the one for the largest piece of land in his own pocket, gave the rest to the king at London, and came home and told his master that Henry VIII., for his fidelity, had made him a present of one of the large tracts of land.

"Blue Beard," too, is very old. He is supposed to be Giles Delaval, Lord of Rais, and was marshal of France in 1429.

"Jack, the Giant-killer," came from India. He breaks forth in all sorts of doings all over the story books of the young. And so of "Jack and the Beanstalk."

"Babes in the Wood" is a very touching story. I think the origin of this may be considered a very, very old ballad, which tells of Richard III. murdering his own dear little nephews.

The story of "Little Red Riding Hood" is found in the German, but not exactly as we tell it in English.

The Germans have a great variety of young-folk-lore, or stories for little ones.

"Mo her Goose" was a real person. She lived in Boston. Her daughter Elizabeth married the printer, Tom Fleet, who gathered up the nursery melodies of his mother-in-law and published them.

I must now tell you of the meaning of an old nursery rhyme: "Four and twenty blackbirds made into a pie;" these are the four and twenty hours of the day; the "pie" is the space between the earth and the sky, the nat-looking ground being the bottom crust, the birds in between, and the sky being the concave top crust.

"When the pie was opened," *i. e.*, when day began to break. "The birds began to sing," *i. e.*, the hours to begin merrily. "The king in the parlor counting out money," the "king" is the sun, the monarch of the day. There he is enthroned in the sky. He is said to be counting out money, because the sunshine is gold color. See how he "counts it out," flings it about him, the beautiful golden sunshine. "The queen upstairs eating bread and honey." Of course, if the king is the sun, the queen is the moon. "The maid in the garden hanging out clothes." This "maid" is Aurora, the goddess, not of the day, but of the dawn. Now, "up jumped a little bird and nipped off her nose." The little bird who did this very ungallant thing is, of course, the first hour of the day, for Aurora, or dawn, disappears as soon as the king, or sun, arises.

Typical Cosmopolitans.

Pall Mall Gazette (London).

There are cosmopolitans who really do know a single quarter of the world fairly well, and mistake that one quarter for the entire planet. The greatest bore among these people is the Anglo-Indian, whose mind is oppressed by an ever present consciousness of the greatness of India. His speech and his thoughts are all Oriental; when he talks of the world he means that part of it which lies east of the Suez canal, and he treats men who have never got further eastward than Venice or Vienna as being poor creatures with a very inadequate knowledge, indeed, of life and affairs. Such a person in his heart regards Great Britain as a small outlying dependency of the Indian empire, unfortunately not yet divided into commissionerships and districts on the proper eastern administrative model. Cosmopolitans of this type look upon the mere European as an inferior being who has never mixed in real society. With them, to have traveled is to have been in India; the application of such a word to mere trips in America or the colonies is a social solecism. They never tire of talking to one about the vastness of our great pauper dependency; about its teeming population, or its endless rice-fields; and about how highly honored we ought to feel at being allowed to govern so many millions of half-starved and miserable agriculturists. On the other hand, there is the western cosmopolitan, who is at least more healthy in tone, if almost as oppressive in his sense of bigness. He, at any rate, is not overwhelmed by the theatrical grandeur of a tawdry tinsel imperialism. If you happen to mention in his presence the latest improvement in electric lighting introduced in Regent street or the Avenue de l'Opera, he remarks, with a supercilious air, that he saw it tried on about three years ago in Chicago. If you venture to speak with apologetic praise of the climate of Nice or Spezzia, he asks you casually whether you have ever wintered in 'Frisco, or commiserates you sympathetically on your gross ignorance of Denver City. Remark to him at dessert that the peaches are good, and he will inquire whether you have ever tasted New Jersey clingstones; observe that the green peas are delicious, and he will compassionately ask you whether you really think there are any green peas worthy of the name grown in Europe. Your self-styled cosmopolitan usually judges you according as you happen to know his own particular corner of the world or not. If he is an eastern he thinks well only of men who know Simla and Naini Tal, if he is a western, he thinks well only of men who know Delmonico's and the Michigan Central.

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1st Example: Policy No. 42,160, issued May 2, 1871. Amount $10,000 00
Total premiums paid (11 years) 5,304 00
The assured was entitled to draw, in cash, $6,456.60, having had besides $10,000 of assurance for eleven years, 115 per cent. of premiums paid, returnable in cash.
This example and those which follow show that
LARGER PROFITS ARE PAID POLICY-HOLDERS THAN ARE NOW DECLARED BY ANY OTHER COMPANY.
2d Example: Policy No. 32,161, issued Dec. 20, 1870. Endowment 20 years. Tontine Period ten years.
Amount $10,000 00
Total premiums paid (10 years) 7,530 00
The assured on Dec. 20, 1880, was entitled to draw in cash, $9,023 30, 120 per cent of the premiums paid.
These results, although predicted by carefully made estimates, are
NOT ESTIMATES, BUT ACTUAL CASH RETURNS.
3d Example: Policy No. 41,621, issued March 27, 1869. Amount $5,000 00
Total premiums paid 2,906 85
In this case the assured withdrew, March 27, 1880, in cash, $3,312 45, being 114 per cent. of premiums paid.
Many policies will be thus paid in 1882, showing
CASH RETURNS OF FROM 100 TO 120 PER CENT. OF THE PREMIUMS PAID.
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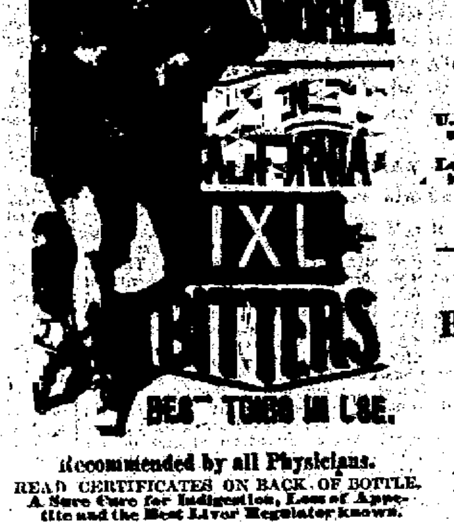

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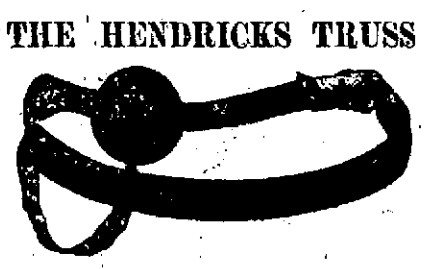

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OF LIVERPOOL.
Capital Subscribed $10,000,000
Capital paid up ....[illegible]
Reserve Fund, in addition to capital ....[illegible]
Cash Assets, June 30th, 1881 ....[illegible]
Deposit in Oregon 50,000
Risks accepted and POLICIES WRITTEN at the agency,
NO. 5 FIRST ST., PORTLAND, OR.
PHILIP C. SCHUYLER, Agent.

South British and National Fire and Marine Insurance Cos.
COMBINED.
CAPITAL $10,000,000
With unlimited liability of shareholders, and

The City of London Fire Insurance Company of London.
(LIMITED.)
Capital $10,000,000
Deposited in Oregon for security of policy holders 150,000
JAMES LAIDLAW & CO., Gen'l Agents, 16 North Front St.
T. H. ALLEN, Jr., Manager.

COMMERCIAL UNION
ASSURANCE COMPANY
OF LONDON.
CAPITAL $12,500,000
Office N. E. cor. First and Washington Sts., Portland, Oregon.
J. W. McL. HARVEY, General Agent.

OREGON & WASHINGTON TERRITORY BRANCH.
NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE AND MARINE.
Capital - - - - - - $5,000,000
With unlimited liability of stockholders.
U. S. Bonds deposited with State Treasurer in Oregon $50,000
Letter of Credit, Bank of British Columbia, Portland, Or. 50,000
W. F. BROWN,
MANAGER,
No. 7 First St., Portland.

INCORPORATED 1864.
Home Mutual Insurance Co.
OF CALIFORNIA.
FIRE ONLY.
Losses Paid Since Organization,
$1,834,632 44.
Losses Paid in Oregon in Six Years
$162,263 79.
OREGON BRANCH OFFICE,
GEO. L. STORY, Manager,
Southeast cor. First and Stark Streets,
Opposite Ladd & Tilton's Bank,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

UNION
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
FIRE AND MARINE.
Capital - - - - - $750,000
Branch Office for Oregon,
160 First Street, Portland, Oregon.
W. S. CALDWELL, Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE [illegible]
IMPERIAL, LONDON,
NORTHERN and QUEEN
Insurance Companies of London and Liverpool.
Deposit in Oregon........$200,000 00
Aggregate Cash Assets Forty-One Millions Eight Hundred and Ninety-Six Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-Three Dollars,
$41,896,923 00.
Joint Policy Issued by the Four Companies
Office 29 and 31 Front St., Portland, Or.
CORBITT & MACLEAY,
General Agents.
EDWARD HALL, Manager.

1794. 1881
HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Capital, - - - - $1,250,000
Assets, - - - - $4,072,575
GEO. L. CHASE, President. C. B. WHITING, Secretary.
A. P. FLINT,
Manager Pacific Department,
San Francisco, Cal.
J. W. G. COFRAN,
Special Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory.
Office: 20 Stark St., Union Block, Portland.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 21, 1882.

SOME UNNEIGHBORLY FIBS CORRECTED.

The San Francisco *Bulletin* makes the salmon expose at Chicago the subject of an editorial article, saying a great deal about the superior quality of the fish taken in California waters and the high reputation which it has earned in the eastern and British markets. We quote: "There is no occasion for Sacramento river salmon, caught and canned within the regular open season, to be concealed under any other than a California label. The fish will hold their own in any market against the salmon of any part of the world. As evidence of the favor which California salmon has obtained in other parts of the country, it is only necessary to mention the fact that the United States hatchery on the McCloud—the headwaters of the Sacramento river—has shipped large quantities of Sacramento river salmon fry to the east and to Oregon, to restock their impoverished rivers." The truth is, that the fish taken in the Sacramento is far inferior to the Chinook or Columbia river salmon. It lacks the fine color, rich oil and peculiar salmon flavor which are the characteristics of the Chinook; and wherever they are put on the market, side by side, is regarded as inferior and sold cheaper. For years it has been the habit of California canners and exporters to put their inferior product on the market falsely labeled as coming from the Columbia or Frazer rivers and the instance of detection in Chicago is but one of many similar expositions. The statement that salmon fry from the McCloud hatchery have been sent to re-stock our "impoverished rivers," is of a piece with the frauds which has brought our salmon into disfavor in many markets. The census report for 1880—the figures for 1881 which show a greater difference in our favor have not been published officially—shows the value of the Columbia river export to have been $2,728,602, while the Sacramento river export amounted to but $492,205. Oregon patiently endures a great deal of misrepresentation by California papers with no other sensation than pity for their ignorance; but sometimes, as in this instance, the statements are so grossly false and damaging as to demand a protest.

DISCRIMINATING GAMBLING.

In the highly moral town of Chicago, the highly moral produce gamblers want the courts to suppress the trade in futures in what they call the bucket shops, but what are more euphoniously called open boards of trade, but have been checked by Judge Barnum, who in amiable effort to serve this highly moral purpose has given a charge to the grand jury which in its terms embraces all sales for future delivery, and classes these with faro and all the rest of the disreputable gambling trade. An outcry on this undiscriminating charge on gamblers brought the judge to explain to the grand jury. He said:

> Agreements for the future delivery of grain, or any other commodity, are not prohibited by the common law, nor by any statute of this state, nor by any policy adopted for the protection of the public. What the law does prohibit, and what is detrimental to the general welfare, is speculating in differences in market values.

This is just about as clear as mud. Contracts for future delivery of grain at buyer's or seller's option, say next month or next six months, are legitimate commercial transactions, but speculating in differences in market values is forbidden by law. As every sale for future delivery at seller's option is speculating in future differences in market values, this easily bridges the chasm between the gambling and illegal and the legitimate commercial transactions. The judge said further:

> A time contract is regarded on the board of trade and elsewhere as a legitimate and regular contract. Time contracts in relation to grain, as well as other commodities, are of daily occurrence, and must necessarily be, in commercial transactions.

Exactly so. And time contracts are what the bucket shops deal in, and the attempts of the close board of trade to cast reproach on the open boards of trade is only the rivalry of the shop over the way. The open board is decidedly the best for buyer and producer, but the middleman who holds a costly membership in the close board fails to see its beauties. All this is of interest here because of the call system lately adopted in San Francisco. The option sales of pork in one week of January in Chicago, not in the bucket shops, but in the regular board of trade, amounted to 800,000 barrels, whereas there were not more than 200,000 barrels in the place, and in the natural course of trade the amount next month would be smaller. These time contracts are, as the judge said, regular commercial transactions, and therefore must be legal. They are also speculations on differences in market values, and therefore, as the judge said, are forbidden by law. This is a convenience. In the board of trade men can speculate in this way, and be pillars of society and of the church, and at the same time can cry virtuously for the enforcement of the law against the bucket shops and the other gambling houses.

THE HAWAIIAN TREATY.

The introduction of a bill in congress to bring the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty to an end has caused a searching investigation to be made into its real merits, and the committee has found the measure wanting in many respects what was contemplated by its provisions. It has not only proved of no benefit, but an absolute detriment to the sugar consumers of the Pacific coast, and built up a monopoly at San Francisco which controls the trade in this product, with the connivance of the Pacific railroads, in spite of all opposition. The eastern refiners are thus shut out from all competition by the sale of their products to consumers on this coast, and the importation of raw sugars overland effectually prohibited until other railroad communication is opened with that section.

It has also been found that although at the time of the institution of this treaty none but raw sugars were imported from these islands, and the importation of no other kind was contemplated by its provisions, the sugar monopoly of San Francisco has not only imported refined products from Hawaii, but is also said to have brought raw sugars from Asiatic countries to the islands, which, after being partially or wholly refined there, have been imported into the United States as Sandwich Island sugars.

The knowledge of these facts, and the injury resulting thereby to the refiners of the east and planters of the south, has produced a state of feeling in congress strongly in favor of a dissolution of the treaty, and powerful pressure is being brought to bear upon the committee having the matter of its abrogation in charge to secure a favorable report on the same, and thus bring about final abolition of a measure so manifestly unjust to every interest intended to have been benefited by its operations.

Those newspapers professing to believe so implicitly in Portland's decline and fall as a commercial city, constantly forget to mention one fact, which is the key to the whole situation. It is the concentration of capital and business interests, and not fine natural harbors or beautiful scenery that makes a commercial city, and as long as Portland has the capital to invest, so long will it maintain the commercial supremacy it has already gained against any and all competitors.

The paper at Astoria cherishes an insane notion that Portland does not want the Columbia river bar improved, and that THE OREGONIAN opposes it. Nothing could be further from the truth. Portland wants and has always wanted the bar improved, and THE OREGONIAN has often spoken in favor of improvement and never against it. Our criticism of the tug service on the bar, the *Astorian* ought to be able to comprehend is not opposition to bar improvement.

THE PANGS OF PLUTOCRACY.

There is a wholesome lesson in the well deserved snubbing that W. H. Vanderbilt got from the *beau monde* of New York the other day. Out of 1500 invitations sent, scarcely 100 were accepted. At the first blush it would seem possible that the great millionaire's wealth and the great *eclat* attending the opening of Mr. Vanderbilt's new palace might have deterred attendance from the incidental expenses of the party. But that is hardly probable. There are better and more cogent reasons. It will be remembered that the elder Vanderbilt died some four years ago, leaving an estate of some sixty millions of dollars, nearly all of which he had bequeathed to his first-born son, as if he thought the English law of primogeniture had extended to this republic. A daughter and another son rebelled at this treatment and carried the case into the courts, after having secured the services of that most distinguished advocate, ex-Attorney General Jerry Black of Pennsylvania. At last it came the heir-apparent's turn to be sworn, and in the course of his testimony the great millionaire stated that his sister's testimony was totally unworthy of credence; that she was a woman of dissolute character and lewd instincts; that she had become estranged from her husband on account of such instincts, and other testimony that no man of lofty family pride could have uttered.

Had Kate Laban and Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., brought suit to recover an equal division of their father's property there might have been a faint palliation of this indecency. But when they came to claim between them less than one-thirtieth of the entire property, while he had been bequeathed over one-half of his father's estate, there was no excuse for his coming into court to air the soiled family linen. He might have said what he liked about "young Corneil" (who was always a conscienceless fellow), and nobody would have cared. But when he stood up to blacken the character of a sister under the sanctity of an oath, he placed between refined society and himself a barrier that all his wealth can never annihilate.

In spite of all that Irish land leagues have resolved upon, this action on the part of the New York "upper crust" has given us a profound admiration for absenteeism. The absentees who sent the vulgar railroad millionaire's invitations into the family coal-scuttle have done well. They can stand men who grow rich by the devious machinations of the stock exchange, where tricks are hourly perpetrated that would bring a crimson blush to the cheek of a faro-dealer. They can bear patiently to eat the boned turkey and drink the champagne of Lorillard, the snuff-grinder, or of Keene, the reformed swill-milk man. But they cannot countenance a man who, to save a million of dollars, could deliberately stand up in court and denounce his own sister as a thing but one degree removed from a cyprian; and unless Mr. Vanderbilt's cuticle is akin to that of a rhinoceros, he must keenly feel the stinging rebuke which his native city has so plainly administered to him.

This wholesome lesson goes to prove that while the attainment of wealth may be the just man's chief object, it is far from being his only aim in life. There is an aristocracy that contemplates neither land nor gold in its possession, an aristocracy whose votaries cannot be outranked in the presence of emperors and princes. It is the aristocracy of intellect, and its ranks are open to all who will study to perfect themselves in mental and moral worth. Money's a nice thing to have, provided there is no dirt sticking to it. Shakspeare has most fitly written:

"The summer's flower is to the summer sweet,
Though to itself it only live and die;
But if that flower with base infection meet,
The basest weed outbraves his dignity:
For sweetest things turn sourest by their deeds;
Lilies that fester smell far worse than weeds.

One hundred and twenty-two wheat, flour and salmon cargoes have been dispatched from the Columbia river from August 1, 1881, to date, divided among the various local shipping houses as follows: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., 31; C. Ceasar & Co., 23; Corbitt & Macleay, 1; McNear & Co., 8; Rodgers, Meyer & Co., 17; Sibson, Church & Co., 40, and the Salem Flouring Mill Co. (by S. C. & Co.) 2. The aggregate tonnage of the ships so dispatched foots up 118,237 tons register, and their total carrying capacity is about 190,000 tons. In this were 200,000 cases of salmon, equivalent to 7250 tons, which leaves about 182,800 tons of wheat and flour shipped to date.

Stockton, California, is jubilant over the recent success in shipment of wheat to St. Louis, and claims that it will thereby soon become freed from the necessity of paying tribute to San Francisco, and assume the leading position as a wheat-shipping point in the interior of that state.

MARY WALKER'S LUCK.

The Doctor Secures a Committee Clerkship.

Dr. Mary Walker has secured an appointment as clerk of the special committee on woman suffrage, of which Senator Lapham is chairman. The appointment was brought about through a series of diplomatic tactics, to which the strong-minded will be likely hereafter to "point with pride" as demonstrating the superiority of the female intellect in matters of finesse. Dr. Mary is an old stager at the capitol. Her diminutive figure, in a long frock coat and other habiliments affected by gross manhood, may be seen almost any day in the lobbies. She goes about usually bareheaded, carrying a shining silk hat in her hand and over her arm a light overcoat. Lately it has been understood that she aspired to a committee clerkship, and the clerkship of the new suffrage committee has been mentioned in connection with her aspirations, presumably chiefly because of the boom that civil service reform would get by such an appointment. This consideration of reform was evidently not lost upon Senator Lapham, who proceeded to make application thereof to Dr. Mary's case when she sought the appointment by suggesting that she submit herself to a change of attire. The subject was necessarily approached with wariness and tact, and when logic was needed to enforce his position he reminded her that in his judgment her figure would show to better advantage if she would discard pantaloons and substitute a skirt. She is credited with having met this intimation with the reply that the esthetic senator had probably been deceived by mere outward appearances, but that he could discover upon close inspection that she had fewer physical angularities than he supposed. She expressed herself willing, however, to gratify his taste for shapeliness, should he desire it, by filling out her pantaloons to agreeable proportions with a small cargo of cotton wadding. The clash of intellect seems to have been suspended at this juncture, doubtless to be resumed later on, pending which Dr. Mary is to draw the clerkship per diem of $6. Her admirers regard the concession of an appointment as virtually a retreat by the senator, from which they are confident he will not venture to rally.

English as the Speech of the Future.

The success of the English speaking peoples as colonists and their superior prolificness are not the only reasons for thinking that the English tongue is destined to dominate the world. The flexibility and terseness of the English language has made it the language of international telegraphy, and from statistics just collected it appears to be the great newspaper language. In other words, it about equally divides the newspapers of the world with all other tongues combined.

The total number of newspapers and periodicals now published is given in H. P. Hubbard's forthcoming "Newspaper and Bank Directory of the World" as 34,376, with a circulation of about 116,000,000 copies, the annual aggregate circulation reaching, in round numbers, 10,000,000,000 copies. Europe leads with 19,557, and North America follows with 12,400, the two together making over nine-tenths of all the publications in existence. Asia has 775, South America 699, Australia 661, Africa 131. Of all these 16,500 are printed in the English language, 7,800 in German, 3,850 in French, and over 1,600 in Spanish. There are 5,010 daily newspapers, 18,274 tri-weeklies and weeklies, and 8,508 issued less frequently. It appears that while the annual aggregate circulation of publications in the United States is 1,600,000,000, that of Great Britain and Ireland is 2,260,000,000.

Responsibility of Employers.

From the Scientific American.

While a boy of sixteen was at work upon a printing press in the press-room of a New York paper the press was unexpectedly started. The boy sprung back from his dangerous position, and in so doing tipped over the bench he was standing on, causing him to fall against another press, which caught his arm and injured it so as to make it forever useless. He sued the proprietor in the superior court and obtained a verdict for $3000 damages. The defense was that the accident was caused either by the negligence of the plaintiff or of a fellow-workman, for which the proprietor was not responsible. In charging the jury, Judge Speir said that if the plaintiff or a skilled fellow-workman were negligent the plaintiff could not recover damages; but that if the agent of the defendant employed persons not skilled in their work and the accident occurred through the negligence of one of such persons, the defendant was responsible. An appeal was taken from the judgment on the grounds that Judge Speir erred in thus charging, and in permitting the plaintiff to exhibit his mutilated arm to the view of the jury, thus arousing their sympathy. The general term affirmed the judgment in a long opinion.

AN EVICTION.

What an American Correspondent Saw in Ireland.

Chicago Tribune.

LIMERICK, Jan. 1.—In the coffee-room of the Royal, the night before last, I fell into conversation with a black-whiskered, hard-featured man, whom I found to be by calling a sub-sheriff and by name McCatney. He soon knew my name and profession and on hearing me regret that my lines had not yet fallen across an eviction, said there would be no reason for my saying so much in twenty-four hours, if I did not mind getting up by candle-light. I jumped at once to the conclusion that my acquaintance was here on official duty, and at the offer implied in his remark, especially as the sub-sheriff said that evictions were growing very few and far between. The tenants I learned upon whom the writs were to be served were two brothers named Denison, living near the village of Pallaskenry, on the Listowel road. He had found it almost impossible to get a bailiff or process-server from the neighborhood, he said, and had thought it best to have a man down from Dublin, a total stranger, who might do his dirty business and then whip back to metropolitan security as fast as the train could carry him. Furthermore, he had been granted an escort of eleven constables and twenty infantry. Not that he apprehended any trouble, he added unnecessarily, but it was well to be provided against contingencies.

The Limerick clocks were just striking 5 as we turned into St. John's square, the streets sloppy with the night's rain that was still drizzling, and about as much light as would fill a cat's eye. At the barracks we found the escort ready, the police under the charge of a sub-inspector, and the military under that of a lieutenant. There were also three cars, the lieutenant perching himself on one, the process-server, calling himself Mulcahy, getting on the other, and the sub-sheriff and your correspondent occupying the third. As the military filed out the barracks door I saw that they carried rifles and sidearms, while the constabulary, making a dense shadow a few paces beyond, were, I found afterwards, similarly accoutered, except that the rifle was replaced by the carbine. The cars drove slowly on ahead, the word of command was given, and the regular tramp of the men showed that the gallant army of eviction was in motion. Fortunately the extreme mildness of the season still prevailed, and the rain taking the freak to suspend operations, we were enabled to carry on a conversation with some degree of comfort. Clearly the sub-sheriff's heart was not in his business, and he confessed he considered the present a bad way in which to end the year. He was not personally acquainted with the tenant's about to be evicted, he said, but had heard them spoken of as men of some force of character, and as being no more shiftless than their neighbors. Since 1865 the holdings occupied by the Denisons had been rented by the brothers from the Ormsbys, and there had been general good feeling between tenant and landlord. When Squire Ormsby died, in 1870—he was killed by a fall from horseback—the property passed into the control of his nephew, Major Ormsby-Grant, a gentleman who lived on the continent, and who had only paid one visit, in 1871, when he doubled the rent of every tenant on the estate.

As the rents before this had been anything but racked, the double or quit order had been borne with considerable good grace. But in 1879 the Major, finding himself in monetary difficulties, had forwarded instructions to his agent to give the rent screw another 50 per cent. turn. Most of the tenants had submitted to the extortion, though this time with anything other than a good grace, but the Denisons had flatly refused to come up and settle. They had gone further, and since 1879 had paid no rent at all. The Major had been silent so long that the recalcitrant tenants had flattered themselves on a victory, when suddenly they were proceeded against, and the warrants for eviction issued, which we were just about to enforce. The agent would have been with us, but he was sick, or at least said he was. The road had so far run beside the Shannon, which we could see like moving lead in the dim morning light, but after we had traveled two or three miles further it suddenly turned to the right and led on to a waste of unfenced moorland, over which we continued until past daybreak. Being then near the scene of operations we halted to wait for the military and police, and then turned up the side road to the holdings; the constabulary going first, then the three cars, with the infantry bringing up the rear.

Everything was so quiet that we imagined the place must be deserted, when all at once we noticed the constabulary stop, and pushing forward, saw that our visit was not unexpected. A stone wall or barricade had been built across the lane, an ugly thing to run against in the dark, but which soon disappeared before the constabulary, who set to the work of demolition with apparent good nature, though I noticed that four of them clambered on to the roadside wall and kept a sharp lookout—a precaution in which I heartily joined from the car. But the obstructions did not end there, for no sooner had we passed barricade No. 1 than a second appeared in sight; then came a third, and then a deep ditch, which effectually stopped the further car riding. Getting out we walked down the road for the few score yards between us and Tom and Phelim Denison's cottage, a rather neat little house. All was still as the grave. The Dublin bailiff held a whispered consultation with the sub-sheriff, and then, in company with ten policemen, the rest of the escort standing in double line up and down the road, advanced to the little inclosure doing duty for farmyard. He came back almost instantly, with a puzzled expression on his perky little phiz.

"Divil a sowl is there at all," he said.

And he was correct, for when we followed him back, we found we were only looking at the ghost of a house. Every door and window was gone, and inside there was not the vestige of a single stick of furniture; while across the chimney was nailed a board with the words "No Rent" painted thereon in black, and along the hearth was laid the rude copy of a coffin lid, bearing the inscription, "Rent is Dead." We looked at one another blankly, then some one laughed, and then we all broke out in a guffaw.

"Faith an' there's nothing to evict here, that I see," says the sub-sheriff. Nor was there, even the door of the pigsty was gone; the fields were empty, the whole place was deserted, and against the force of armed law there had been brought the strange but thoroughly effective force of a silent, stubborn, secret resistance. It spoke of desperation and cunning of no common type; a hooting mob would have been a relief to this uncanny desolation, and I, for one, left the ruined home with a new and livelier appreciation of the Irish peasant's determination to give up everything rather than to obey. But though we saw no one, we were furnished with unmistakable evidence that we were watched by a powerful unseen "enemy," for when the broken barricades were reached, they were found built up again, and on each a pole stuck bearing the standard of a dead cat. They were flung down by the now angry constabulary, but we should have carried them back to Limerick as fitting trophies of our brilliant fiasco.

Deadwood as it Is.

Deadwood, writes a correspondent of the Boston *Journal*, is a town of 3500 to 4000 people. Enthusiasts claim 6000. Search all New England for the deepest, narrowest valleys between the highest hills in the "Switzerland of America," not excepting the White mountains nor the Franconia notch, stretch the ravine two, three, five, ten miles, and you have a conception of the lay of the land about Deadwood. Along the lowest line of the ravine run the combined waters of the Whitewater and Deadwood creeks. Whitewater is the last name one would think of applying to the red stream of thin mud that comes down from the quartz mills of Lead and Central, through the placer claims of hard-working men who are seeking to "wash" their way to wealth. Main street, Deadwood, lacks few of the kinds of business houses to be found in Minneapolis, for example, and has many that even Chicago has not. Miners' tools and materials make a distinct and profitable branch of business. Schools as good as towns of that size often support, churches—Congregational, Methodist, Episcopal and Catholic—as well organized, housed and manned as the saintliest could ask. Houses as neat, tasteful and refined as culture can carry to the front, invite the business man, with his family, to settle for life. Such is the intelligence of the place—so many of the people are educated and accustomed to the best society furnishes everywhere, that a second rate preacher, teacher or craftsman of any sort would stand far less of a chance than among the staid communities of good old England. Dullness, stupidity, tramps and quacks are advised to go east.

Deadwood is the hub of the hills. Everything centers in there—radiates from there. It is the distributing point for Uncle Sam, for the miners, for the ranchers and the prospectors. Beginning with lower town, "Elkhorn City," and passing through "Elizabethtown" (the portion that was burned July 28th) and "Chinatown" to Deadwood proper, one would see roughness, vileness and wretchedness. Such appendages hang to every town. Civilization sloughs them as soon as the social machinery is fairly in motion. So it will be here. Deadwood is a marvel of growth, enterprise and morality, when we consider its isolation and the material that floats on the first wave of civilization.

The Sunflower.

From the Detroit Free Press.

A communication from Oberlin, O., signed by Judge Burnett, Ben. Colwell, Prof. Lane, and other colored men of national-renown, stated that the colored people of the Buckeye state had concluded to adopt the sunflower as their emblem, and the assistance of the club in making it national was solicited.

"I doan take no stock in emblems," replied Brother Gardner as the letter was filed for answer. "De laziest crowd I ever knowed had a beaver for its emblem. I have seen a dozen saloons wid beehives ober de doahs. A man may take a white dove for his emblem and yit keep his wife carryin' a black eye ten months in de y'ar. If de cull'd people of Ohio feel de need of an emblem de sunflower is as good as any udder. It's a flower which stays out all night widout goin' to sleep nex' day. You kin always tell whar' to find it. It grows faster dan de turnip, and produces a bigger head dan de cucumber. Dis club won't pledge itself to any perticklar emblem at present, but will continue to do whitewashin' at de same reasonable figgers, an' put a better shine on a stove fur twenty-five cents dan any udder club does fur forty."

MEETING NOTICES.

Pacific Lodge, A. O. U. W.—The members of Pacific Lodge No. 17, A. O. U. W., are hereby notified that the regular meeting of the lodge will be held on Wednesday evening, Feb. 22d, at 7:30 P. M., at their new hall, third floor, Union Block, corner Second and Stark streets. All members are earnestly requested to be in attendance, as the Grand Master Workman will be present on this occasion. Business of importance will be brought before the lodge. D. W. TAYLOR, Master Workman. CHAS. A. M. McCR[illegible], Recorder. 2t21

BORN.

In East Portland, Or'n, Feb. 19, 1882, to the wife of W. B. Merye, a daughter.

NEW TO-DAY.

McCoy, Cheapest Printer, First and Stark.

TWO SALESMEN WANTED—APPLY TO THE Singer Manufacturing Co., 82 Morrison st., near Fifth. 2t21

Best work—Lowest Paying prices—Himes the Printer, 5 Washington street, Portland.

THE LAST WEEK!

The Annual Clearance Sale at cost of the City Dry Goods Store, 147 Third street, will close on Saturday next, February 25th. T. A. SHANE.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

THE FOLLOWING BANKS WILL BE CLOSED Wednesday, Feb. 22d, 1882.

LADD & TILTON,
FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,
BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,
OREGON AND WASHINGTON MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK, L'D.,
BANK OF OREGON,
PORTLAND SAVINGS BANK.
2t21

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A NURSE GIRL. Apply at [illegible] First street. 1t

$600 TO LOAN AT 10 PER CENT; FIRST-class real estate security required. 21d3t GREGORY & WILLIAMS, 211 [illegible] Block.

WANTED—A NEATLY FURNISHED SINGLE room near the business portion of the city, in a private [illegible] family. Address C. F., this office. 1t

WANTED—HALF LOT, OR LOT & COTTAGE, in [illegible]. Cash customer. LENT & McGREW, 10 Stark St.

DON'T FORGET THAT OUR FOURTH ANNUAL Clearance Sale closes Saturday evening; only four days more. OLDS & KING, 186 First street, between Yamhill and Taylor.

FOR SALE.

FRACTIONAL BLOCK AND HOUSE AND LOT in McMillen's addition to East Portland; close; splendid bargain. LENT & McGREW, 10 Stark st.

LOST.

A SILK UMBRELLA—TAKEN BY MISTAKE at Central School during school hours, on the 20th inst. It has the name G. H. Patterson printed on the inside. The finder will please return the same to the school. 1t

NOTICE.

THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE PORTland Irish Land League to make arrangements for the commemoration of General Washington's birthday on 22d inst., not being able to procure a suitable hall for the purpose, have decided to postpone the exercises there for till Sunday, the 26th inst., in [illegible] Men's Hall, at the usual hour, 3 o'clock. 1t

POSTPONEMENT.

THE SHOOTING TOURNAMENT, AS INTENDed to be given by the Multnomah Rod and Gun Club, the 22d inst., is postponed. The contest for Club Medal [illegible] will take place at the grounds of the Club, South Portland, Wednesday, the 22d inst., at 1 o'clock P. M. By order, GEO. L. CURRY, Sec'y M. R. & G. Club. 121

WANTED,

GUESTS TO FILL THE EAGLE HOTEL,

Just opened, cor. Second and E Sts.

The Best Dollar a Day House in the City.

J. THOMAS, PROP'R. 2t21m

Wednesday Evening, Feb. 22, the Ladies of the Philosophical Society will give a Social and Dance at Masonic Hall. Good Music by the Choir and Addresses by Col. Harrington and G. C. Ames, and a Poem by Mrs. Dr. Thompson; commencing at 7:30. Everybody welcomed. Admission 10cts. Hot Coffee and Lunch 10cts. Dancing at 9, tickets 50cts. Best of Music furnished. A good time assured.

THE GRAND STABLE.

BOARDING & LIVERY IN ALL ITS BRANCHes. **Fine close Carriage just out.** Telephone for it. R. M. WILBUR.

Saved on every dollar's worth of Job Printing by patronizing Edw. A. Swope & Co., the best Printers in the State, 109 Front and 5 Washington Sts. Blank-Books made to order.

TAX NOTICE.

THE TAXPAYERS OF MULTNOMAH COUNTY will please take notice that the tax roll for the year 1881 has been placed in my hands for the collection of taxes, which are now due and payable at the office of the sheriff, at the court house. An early settlement particularly requested. JOSEPH BUCHTEL, Sheriff and Tax Collector of Multnomah County.

BALLS AND PARTIES.

Help Us!—We Seldom Ask.

FIREMEN'S BALL!

AT

Turn Verein Hall, Feb. 21, 1882.

BENEFIT OF THE

Firemen's Mutual Aid Association.

FIREMEN'S MARCH AT 8 P. M.

Honorary Committee:

W. A. HART, Chief Engineer, P. F. D.
JOHN KEARNEY, 1st Ass't P. F. D.
W. C. McKEAN, 2d Ass't P. F. D.
THOS. A. JORDAN, J. H. LYON,
A. B. HALLOCK, HARRY MORGAN,
JOS. BUCHTEL, ROBERT HOLMAN,
JOS. WEBBER, H. W. WEED.

Committee of Arrangements.

W. A. HART, B. L. NORDEN,
HARRY MORGAN, WM. LUNDBERG,
JOHN BARRY, F. B. HARRINGTON.
HARRY GURR.

Reception Committee:

JOS. SIMON, Pres. P. F. D.
GEO. C. SEARS, Pres. F. M. A. S.
R. M. McMASTER, Sec'y P. F. D.
THOS. A. JORDAN, ex-Chief Engineer.
CHAS. ALBIE, Foreman No. 1.
T. B. TREVETT, Foreman No. 2.
JAS. KIERNAN, Foreman No. 3.
HARRY MORGAN, Foreman No. 4.
P. C. DOBELBOWER, Foreman No. 5.
M. F. SHEEHAN, Foreman No. 6.
WM. McLEAN, Foreman V. H. & L. No. 1.

Floor Committee:

JOHN BARRY, S. G. SKIDMORE,
W. E. JONES, H. D. GRIFFIN,
CHAS. CHRISTIE, W. F. MATHEWS,
WM. LUNDBERG, MARTIN WALLACE,
HENRY GURR.

Members of the various companies are requested to appear in uniform.

Tickets (admitting gentleman and lady).....$1.

WE ARE PLEASED TO MAKE THE FOLLOWING FACTS KNOWN:

All our goods are marked 25 per cent. lower this year than hitherto. Hotel Men, Restaurant and Housekeepers SHOULD NOT FAIL TO GET OUR PRICES before buying elsewhere. We guarantee them a saving of 25 per cent. Our facilities for buying goods in our line CHEAPER than any other house on this coast are better NOW than ever before, and our customers shall share with us in our advantages. Be sure to get our prices before buying elsewhere.

ACKERMAN'S DOLLAR STORE,

BRANCH OF

ACKERMAN BROTHERS, S. F.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware, Cutlery, Clocks, Baby Carriages, and a full line of Notions.

We also beg to state that we are in receipt, per last steamer, of a complete line of HAVILAND'S PREPARED CHINA, for Decorating, and our artist, Mr. G. G. White, is now ready to execute any orders on short notice and moderate charges.

KIRK SHELDON,

TOOL MERCHANT,

Gives notice that he is now receiving from manufacturers by every steamer, and opening up, at the N.W. corner Front and Morrison streets, Portland, opposite Esmond Hotel, a line of Tools and other goods, in the interest of **Lumbermen, Mill Men, Contractors, Woodchoppers, Farmers, Carpenters and Himself.** My motto shall be, as heretofore,

Best Quality, Reasonable Prices, Fair Dealing, Prompt Pay.

Will now be glad to answer questions and show goods at store. Have all my old agencies and several valuable new ones.

Cor. Front and Morrison Sts.,
PORTLAND.
KIRK SHELDON.

C. A. PLUMMER & CO.,

NO. 50 FRONT STREET,
PORTLAND, OREGON,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS, OILS & GLASS,

Are now receiving a large and complete stock, and solicit a share of the trade of the Northwest Coast.

MASKS, BIRD CAGES,

CANARY BREEDING & PARROT CAGES,
BIRDS' NESTS, CAGE HOOKS, SEEDS.

Linen Paper, Gauze and Satin Masks.

Gold, Silver and Bullion Fringe, Bells, Stars, Spangles and Tassels.

WM. BECK & SON, 165 Second St.

CITY TAXES.

The Tax Roll for 1882 is now in my hands for collection, and all taxes assessed thereon must be paid at my office, 105 First street, within thirty days from this date, or the same will be returned as delinquent. Office hours 8 to 4.

Feb. 1, 1881. D. C. McKERCHER, City Treasurer,

WANTS.

SITUATION WANTED. AN AMERICAN GIRL wishes a situation in a small family to do light work. Address K. M. S., this office. 17d3t

WANTED—TWO GOOD PATTERN MAKERS. Steady employment. Apply at Willamette Iron Works. 16d3t

WANTED FOR A SMALL FAMILY, FURnished or unfurnished rooms with board in a private family. Reference given if required. Address, R. S. P., Oregonian office. f16d3t

PRIVATE BOARDING.

ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOMS,

BY THE WEEK OR MONTH, WITH OR WITHout board. Transients accommodated. Location best in the city. Address P. O. Box 216.

LAW CARDS.

R. F. DENNISON. C. H. WATSON.

DENNISON & WATSON,
Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Room 31, Union Block. Ja24tf
Consultation and advice free to ladies.

C. B. UPTON & WM. H. UPTON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Walla Walla, W. T.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO COLLECTIONS in Pendleton, Centerville, Weston and Milton, Or.; Walla Walla, Waitsburg, Dayton, Pomeroy, Colfax and Palouse City, W. T.

MILLINERY AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

SPECIAL

TO THE

[illegible]

OF

S. LIPMAN & CO.

JUST RECEIVED,

ONE HUNDRED PIECES

40 INCH ALL WOOL

COLORED CASHMERES,

ALL GOOD SHADES,

Price 75 cts. per yard.

S. Lipman & Co.

Cor. First and Washington Sts.
Portland, Or.

FOSTER'S KID GLOVES.

5 Hooks $1 60—7 hooks $1 75.

Also, the **Only Genuine Jouvin Gloves in the city.** Every pair of these Gloves guaranteed.

Fine assortment of HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES from 3c up.

The latest styles of LADIES and CHILDREN'S COLLARS in a large variety of colors and patterns.

Our Stock of Buttons, Gimps, Fringes, Beaded Laces and Bonnet Trimming speaks for itself.

The only genuine C. P. FRENCH CORSET in all sizes, white, gray and colors.

No end to our assortment of Ladies and Children's HOSE and LINEN HDKFS.

Felt, Wool, and Materials for Fancy Work at Reduced Prices.

A. SALMON,
(SUCCESSOR TO S. BINE)
165 FIRST ST.

P. VAN FRIDAGH,

Importer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Dry Goods, Fancy and Millinery Goods,

No. 111 First St., bet. Washington and Stark, Portland, Oregon.

DRY GOODS.

BARGAINS!
BARGAINS!
BARGAINS!

FOR THE NEXT 15 DAYS.

SELLING OUT

AT COST!

ON ACCOUNT OF REMOVAL.

WERTHEIMER & BOLLACK,

190 FIRST ST.

Lease and Fixtures For Sale.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, DIAMONDS, &c.

MUST BE SOLD!

My full assortment of
JEWELRY,
WATCHES,
SILVERWARE,
OPTICAL GOODS,
CLOCKS, etc.

J. B. MILLER,

129 First St.,

JOHN A. BECK,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

Fine Assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and Spectacles at Low Prices.

Repairing a Specialty. All work warranted.

140 Front St., opp. Esmond Hotel.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

REDUCTIONS! REDUCTIONS!

ROOM! ROOM! ROOM!

Before my departure for the East, where I will purchase my Spring stock, I intend making a sweeping reduction in prices, as I need room.

Look at a Few of My Prices:

Ladies' Calf Buttons	$2 00
Ladies' Calf Buttons, worked B. H.	2 50
Ladies' Pebble Buttons	2 00
Ladies' Pebble Buttons, worked B. H.	2 50
Ladies' American Kid Buttons	2 00
Ladies' B. Calf Lace Shoes	1 25
Ladies' Calf Lace Shoes, lined	2 00
Men's Full Stock Kip Boots	3 00
Men's Calf Dress Boots	4 00

Children's Shoes will be sold at correspondingly low prices.

Call and Convince Yourself.

NEW YORK BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
H. GALLICK, Prop'r.
103 First Street, Portland.

Pioneer Candy Factory.

ED. BERNHEIM,
(Successor to F. [illegible])

Manufacturer of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES,

84 FIRST STREET.

Wholesale. Retail.

WALLER'S OLD STAND.

OXFORD OYSTER SALOON!

Shoalwater and Eastern Oysters in every style. Chops and Steaks, etc.

27 OAK ST., BET. FIRST AND SECOND.

MATZOTH! MATZOTH!

The Empire Bakery is again prepared to fill orders for

Matzoth for the Coming Passover,

Under Supervision of J. Batt.

d20tlm VOSS & FUHR.

MATZO! MATZO!

FRESH MATZO AND MEAL AT THE OREGON STEAM BAKERY.

LIEBE & HOELBING.
M. WERTHEIMER, Subscribe Agent. fed1m

TO LET.

SUNNY FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS TO LET in private residence, 229 Nicolai st., cor. Main. 18d7t

OFFICES TO RENT

Lately occupied by the Oregon Railway Co. [illegible] on the Second and Third floors of the

SAVINGS BANK BUILDING.

Apply at Bank, 48 First street. 14d1t

TO LET.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH, NICELY furnished rooms in the Sherlock House, corner Second and Oak. Night keys furnished roomers when desired. may3tf

BUSINESS SPECIALS.

MISS CAHILL

LATE OF SAN FRANCISCO, WISHES TO INform the ladies of Portland that she has opened a fashionable dressmaking establishment on Third St., between Washington and Alder. Cutting and fitting a specialty. Suits made stylish and elegant from $5 to $12. Country orders promptly attended to. 12d1m

WEEKS & MORGAN, Wholesale & Retail Grocers and Feed Merchants, Nos. 247 249 and 251 Front St., bet. Main and Jefferson.

BUR CHARLES SPALDING [illegible] and Buckeyes [illegible] offer a full line of best quality of [illegible]

SEATTLE PROPERTY.

ALL PERSONS HAVING PROPERTY IN SEattle, who want to sell, will find purchasers by communicating with the undersigned. Give a description of the property and prices asked. NELSON & TRINNELL, Seattle, W. T.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN.

WE ARE PREPARED TO LOAN, IN AMOUNTS to suit borrowers, upon Real Estate in the city of Portland and Farm Property throughout Oregon and Washington Territory, at the lowest current rate of interest. McDOUGALL & BOWER, Attorneys, [illegible] First street, Portland. 18d3t

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

COOK'S MUSIC PARLORS.

TWENTY YEARS EXPERIENCE AS AN INstructor enables Prof. Cook to economize the time of the pupil.

Third Floor Labbe's Block, Corner Second and Washington Streets.

I. E. COHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office Hours from 9 to 12 A. M., 1 to 3 P. M. Sundays, from 9 to 11 A. M.
Office, Union Block, Room 25, cor. First and Stark sts.

J. SHERWIN,
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT.
Offices—Rooms 41, 42 and 50, third floor, Union Block, First street, Portland, Oregon. ja1dlm

MARYE & WEBBER,
Civil Engineers and Surveyors.
Office—29 Stark St., Union Block, Portland, Or. (With Ferry & White, Real Estate Agents. ja30

DR. E. C. GEIGER,
Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon,
No. 85 Fourth St., Portland, Or.

M. WELLS, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office—Rooms 56, 57, 58 Union Block, Portland, Or.

DRS. A. S. & Z. B. NICHOLS,
HOMEOPATHIC
Physicians and Surgeons,
Portland, Oregon.
Rooms 59, 60, 61 and 62, Union Block.
SPECIALTIES:
Dr. Z. B. N.—Diseases of Women.
Dr. A. S. N.—Diseases of Eye, Ear and Throat.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE—ASSESSMENT NO. 2.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN ASsessment of five (5) per cent. has been levied on the capital stock of the Oregon Cinnabar and Silver Mining Company, payable to the secretary at the office of the company, No. 93 Front street, on the first day of March, A. D. 1882. F. K. ARNOLD, Secretary of the Oregon C. & S. M. Co. Portland, Oregon, Feb. 18, 1882. fe12d10t&sn

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED BIDS FOR THE ERECTION OF A NEW Brick College Building at McMinnville, the coming summer, will be received at the office of the undersigned, at McMinnville, Oregon, on Thursday, Feb. 23, 1882, at 1 P. M. Amended plans and specifications can be seen at my office at any time. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved. J. E. MAGERS, Secretary of Building Committee. 1sd3t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

40 TONS CHOICE TIMOTHY AND CLOVER Hay, in lots to suit. Apply to JOHN M. LEAVENS, Columbia Feed Rack, foot of Morrison st. 2sd1t

FOR SALE.

A FULL BLOCK WITH SMALL HOUSE IN Tibbett's addition, East Portland; price $700. J. FRED CLARK & CO., 28 Washington st.

FOR SALE.

SEVERAL DESIRABLE UNIMPROVED PROPerties adjacent to N. Front street. J. FRED CLARK & CO., 28 Washington st.

FOR SALE.

A FINE LOT, FRONTING EAST, NEAR THE [illegible] School; cheap, at $500. Also a small lot [illegible] on Eleventh street; price $1650. J. FRED CLARK & CO., 28 Washington st.

ALBINA.

THOSE LARGE LOTS AT $200 EACH ARE SELLing rapidly.

BEAVERTON.

THERE YET REMAINS A FEW CHOICE pieces of garden lands for sale on easy terms. J. FRED CLARK & CO., 28 Washington st.

FOR SALE.

TEN PIECES OF COUNTRY LAND, ALL WITHin easy distance of Portland; the property of an absentee. Prices range from $5 to $20 per acre, and all are very cheap. Sizes of these farms vary from 37 to 270 acres. J. FRED CLARK & CO., 28 Washington St.

FOR SALE.

RESIDENCE AND TWO LOTS IN ONE OF THE most desirable locations in East Portland; faces river and commands a fine view in all directions. Address P. O. Box 22. 18d6t

MILK COWS FOR SALE.

FROM 10 TO 20 GOOD, FRESH COWS, TOGETHer with all utensils necessary to run a dairy ranch. Terms six months' time on good security. Apply cor. Thirteenth and Mill sts. PATRICK HOLLAND. 15d12t

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

IN WALLA WALLA, A TWO-STORY BUSINESS House and Lot, centrally located, on Main street. Suitable for any class of business. Size of lot 40x120. Terms reasonable. Address JOHN ELSTON, P. O. Box 396, Walla Walla. 16d1m

FOR SALE.

CORNER LOT ON THIRTEENTH AND E streets, for $1500. LENT & McGREW.

LOT ON THIRD STREET, NEAR COLUMBIA, $2700. LENT & McGREW.

FORTY ACRES, 11 MILES SOUTHEAST OF Portland, $500. LENT & McGREW, No. 10, Stark street.

FOR SALE OR FOR RENT IN ASTORIA.

A LODGING HOUSE, WITH BAR ROOM ATtached; doing now a good business, with prospect of large increase, and situated in the busiest part of town. Will sell or rent the building and fixtures and furniture cheap on reasonable terms on account of proprietor desiring to engage in other business. Address or apply to DEW DROP INN, Astoria. 11tf

SUBURBAN LANDS.

75 ACRES, SIX MILES EAST OF PORTLAND; one-third in cultivation; house, barn, orchard, etc.; price, $3000.

40 Acres, three miles south of Portland; commands an excellent view of the city and surroundings; would make a delightful suburban home; price, $2500.

7½ Acres three miles east of Portland; fronts on good road; level land; price, $100 per acre.

480 Acres; dairy farm; all grass land; convenient to market; good buildings; price, $15 per acre (very cheap).

10 Acres, two and one-half miles from city; level; good suburban location; price $125 per acre.

80 Acres, nine miles west of Portland; timber land; price, $10 per acre.

For further particulars of the above and a large amount of other lands near the city, see VAN B. DELASHMUTT. 18d1m

WHO WANTS IT?

HERE I AM, WITH ONE MORE CHOICE farm, that must be disposed of within the next sixty days. It belongs to an estate and has to be closed out. There is 161 acres of it, all under a high state of cultivation, with good fences all around it. It is located one mile south of Gervais, on the line of the O. & C. R. R., in the very center of the Willamette valley; 64 acres of it under the plow, 10 acres timber. There is now growing on the place forty acres of fall wheat, a good orchard, lots of blackberries and other small fruits; a fine two-story brick house containing seven hard-finished rooms, good cellar; good large barn and other outhouses; one harvester, one fanning mill, one seed drill, plows, harrows and a lot of small farming implements too numerous to mention. Price $6000; half cash, balance on time. For further particulars call on or address HARRISON B. OATMAN, Portland, Or. f30d1m

SHIPS' NOTICES.

BR. BK. "SAM MENDEL," CAPT. CROWELL, from Port Chalmers. Neither the master nor the undersigned consignees of the above-named vessel will be responsible for any debts that may be contracted by the crew. 18d4t TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO.

FAIR WARNING—THE LAST CALL.

OUR FOURTH

Annual Clearance Sale

WILL CLOSE ON

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 25th. Until then we will sell

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

At Cost.

Do not put off till the last day, but COME AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE.

OLDS & KING,

186 FIRST ST. BET. YAMHILL AND TAYLOR.

THE ONLY

Leading Suit & Cloak House

MRS. L. PILGER,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

GARRISON'S SEWING MACHINE STORE,

167 Third Street.

JOHN B. GARRISON, Proprietor,

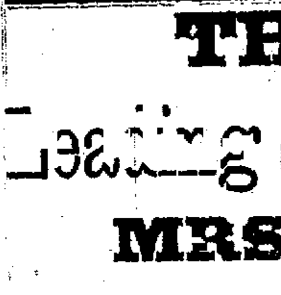
AGENT FOR THE

HOWE,	WILSON,	CROWN,	IMPROVED SINGER,
DAVIS,	NEW HOME,	"D" HOWE,	ROYAL ST. JOHN,

And General Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory for the

HOUSEHOLD SEWING MACHINE.

Dealer in all kinds of Sewing Machine Attachments, Needles, Oils, etc. Sewing Machines Repaired on short notice.



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Mail Order. W. F. & Co. carry parcels.

Will send Handsome Dresses, all wool, for from $15 upward; also Dolmans and Mantelets for from $15 upward—only all-wool and best French Goods. Have also lower grades, but prefer orders of good material. Send size of bust, sleeves, skirt, waist and under arm. MRS. LITT, as usual, attends to the Dressmaking. Address, **H. B. LITT, Corner Third and Alder, Portland, Or. P. O. Box 307.**

(Award for Cloaks.) (Award for Suits.)

Shelf Hardware

AT WHOLESALE.

DAYTON, HALL & LAMBERSON,

Corner First and Taylor Sts. Portland, Or.

CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS!

UPHOLSTERY GOODS.

NEWEST DESIGNS AND COLORS.

WALTER BROS., 85 First Street.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COpartnership heretofore existing between John Thomas and H. M. Taylor, in the hotel business, under the firm name of Thomas & Taylor, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. John Thomas will continue the business at the old stand, and all payments due the firm should be made to him, and he will pay all outstanding accounts. JOHN THOMAS, H. M. TAYLOR. Dated Feb. 15, 1882. 16d3t

HAVING PURCHASED THE HOTEL BUSIness heretofore carried on by Mr. E. B. Fellows, under the name of the Richmond House, by strict attention to business I would hope to give the same satisfaction to my guests which, under the management of Mr. Fellows, has so successfully established the reputation of the house. All my old friends and patrons will please note my change of base to the

RICHMOND HOUSE,

N. W. corner Second and C Streets, Portland,

Where I shall be pleased to see one and all.
H. M. TAYLOR.

OILS! OILS!

Raw and Boiled Linseed Oil,
Castor Oil No. 1 and 2.

We have on hand a supply of the above manufacture of the Pacific Oil and Lead Works of San Francisco, and are prepared to fill orders in quantities as required. ALLEN & LEWIS, Agents of the P. O. & L. Works.

PORTLAND FISH DEPOT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Fresh and Salt Fish of All Kinds.

HOTELS, RESTAURANTS & FAMILIES SUPPLIED ON SHORT NOTICE.

All Orders promptly attended to, and delivered free of charge to all parts of the city. Country orders solicited.

JAMES WILLIAMS, Prop'r,
Stalls 8 and 9, Central Market.

LADIES

TAKE NOTICE THAT WE WILL FOR THE month of February only make stylish worsted suits for $8, and silk suits for $15. Cutting and fitting done by Miss Kate O'Connor, the well known dressmaker. MINVILLE & CO., 151 Third st.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

S. L. N. GILMAN. M. CROOKER.

GILMAN & CO.,

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

No. 42 First St., bet. Pine and Ash.

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE, FURNIture, General Merchandise, Horses, Cattle, Buggies, etc.

REGULAR SALE DAYS—Tuesdays and Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

AND MERCHANDISE.

We will sell at our salesroom, No. 42 First street

TUESDAY, FEB. 21st, 1882,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

FURNITURE:

Comprising—**Bedroom Suits, Spring and Top Mattresses, Pillows, Blankets, Sheets, Comforts, Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery.**

ALSO

Brussels and Ingrain Carpets.

ALSO

A Large Variety of Merchandise to close consignments.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

N. B.—Important Trade Sale in a short time.

S. FRIEDMAN,

Auctioneer & Commission Merchant.

AT THE

Old Auction House, S. E. cor. First & Pine sts.

will sell at auction all kinds of General Merchandise, Furniture, Real Estate, Horses, Cattle, etc. Will buy Furniture, Entire Stocks of Merchandise, or will sell for parties owning them. Also, keep an assortment of General Merchandise for

RETAIL TRADE.

Sale Days, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Buffalo Baking Powder

One Trial Only Needed!
You Will Use No Other!

PURE AND FULL WEIGHT.

CHERRY STONE OYSTERS,

1 and 2 lb Cans.

EXTRA FULL WEIGHT!

SELECT IN QUALITY AND FLAVOR.

The Finest Oysters Packed in the United States.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

M. EHRMAN & CO., San Francisco,

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS.

1852. 1882.

J. C. CARSON,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Frames, Mouldings, Brackets, etc.

SEASONED FINISHING LUMBER.

Constantly on Hand.

STAIR BUILDING,

Stairs, Stair Railings,
Balusters, Newel Posts,

Both Plain and Fancy, at Reasonable Rates.

IMPORTERS OF ALL KINDS OF

WINDOW AND PLATE GLASS.

Orders from the Country will receive Prompt and Careful Attention. Send for Circulars.

SALESROOM, 111 FRONT ST.,
Factory at Weidler's Mill, Portland, Oregon.

HENRY DOYLE & CO

511 Market St., San Francisco,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Barbour's Irish Flax Thread,
Barbour's Salmon Net Twines,
Passaic Flax Mills Bag Twines,
Macrame Lace Threads,
Clark's "O.N.T." Spool Cotton,
Milward's Helix Needles,
Milward's Fish Hooks,
Am. Needle and Fish Hook Co's Hooks, Fish Nets, Seines and Twines, Cotton Gill-Net Lines, Flax Twines, etc.;
Field's Tacks, Nails and Eyelets.

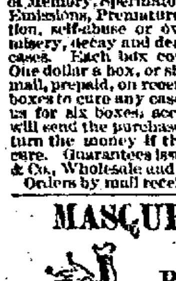
NERVOUS DEBILITY!

A CURE GUARANTEED.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT—a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by WOODARD, CLARKE & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Portland, Or. Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

MASQUERADE SUITS

FOR RENT AT THE



Pioneer Masque Depot.

In addition to our large stock of Masquerade Costumes, we have purchased the entire stock of Masquerade Goods lately owned by Mrs. Pilger. We are adding New Suits every day. For further particulars and price list, address **A. F. NAEF, Manager, S. E. Cor. First and Main Sts.**

GAMBRINUS BEER!

GAMBRINUS BEER!

This celebrated Beer will be on draught

AT THE "QUELLE,"

Corner Second and Stark Streets,

From and after to-morrow. **L. FUEHRER.**

AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL

"COMMERCIAL PRECEDENTS,"

A work of practical value to every business man. Sold only by subscription. For particulars address **A. ROMAN, 120 Sutter st., San Francisco.**

ALBINA.—Investors and speculators in Real Estate can find no cheaper or handsomer properties than those Extra-sized Lots we are selling for $200 each. They are located on the extension of Fourth street, East Portland, and are high and level. Terms, one-third cash, balance at from one to four years, with interest at 9 per cent. per annum. Only a very limited number at this price remain unsold.

J. FRED CLARK & CO., Real Estate Agents,
24tim **28 Washington St.**

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REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

A MEETING OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE Central Committee of the state of Oregon will be held at the office of the chairman, in the city of Portland, on Thursday, the 23d day of February, 1882, at 11 o'clock A. M. A full attendance is earnestly desired. JOSEPH SIMON, Chairman. ja28

Republican papers please copy.)

MMISSION.

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21st, 1882,
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General Merchandise,
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TRAL COM-
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ON, Chairman.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 21, 1882.

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland, Or., as second-class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

BY MAIL—POSTAGE PREPAID IN ADVANCE.

Daily, per month	$1 00
Daily with Sunday Oregonian, per month	1 25
Daily, per year	10 00
Daily with Sunday Oregonian, per year	12 00
Sunday Oregonian, per year	2 50
Sunday and Weekly Oregonian, per year	3 00
The Weekly Oregonian, per year	3 00
TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.	
Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday excepted	25
Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday included	30

THE OREGONIAN IN EAST PORTLAND. The Daily, Weekly and Sunday Oregonian may always be found on the counter of Henry Warren's Newspaper Headquarters, Fourth st., bet. I and J.

CITY.

SENTENCES COMMUTED.—The governor has recently commuted the following sentences of convicts in the state penitentiary: Yo Mon Tock and Walla Po, Indians sent from Umatilla county for the term of two years, from May 5, 1880, for the crime of larceny; reason assigned, extra service and term of sentence being nearly expired. Fred Usher and John Hogan, sent from Multnomah county for the term of three years, from November 19, 1879, for the crime of larceny in a dwelling; reason assigned, extra time allowed for work performed on the insane asylum building. China Charley, sent from Multnomah county for the term of three years, from November 9, 1881, for the crime of assault with the intent to commit rape; commutation granted on petition and grave doubts of the guilt of said China Charley having been shown to exist.

ALL IMPLICATED.—On the 14th inst. Sheriff Buchtel filed a complaint against both Molly Flippin and Dolly Adams, charging them with being accessory to the murder of J. N. Brown. They were at that time put in confinement and yesterday taken before Justice Davis, where they waived examination. Whether it was understood that they would waive examination or not cannot be said, but no counsel was there to appear for them had they wanted an examination at the time. They were both bound over to await the action of the grand jury. It had been heretofore supposed that the women were imprisoned of their own accord, but such has not been the case, as is seen by the complaint upon which they were arrested and confined.

INCORPORATIONS.—Farmers' Lodge No. 49, I. O. O. F., at Summerville, Union county, has filed articles of incorporation in the office of the secretary of state, with Dan Summer, Thos. Shore and Abram Hanman as trustees; capital stock, $1000. Also The Farmers' Ferryboat Company, with William Bogue, F. J. Willbanks, Adam Rader, Calvin Yates and Joseph Emery as incorporators; object to run a ferryboat across the Willamette river near Corvallis; capital stock, $1000.

TO-NIGHT'S BALL.—This evening, under auspices of the principal officers of the Portland Fire Department, a ball will be given at Turn-Halle for the benefit of the Mutual Aid Association. Among novelties to be introduced will be the "Moonlight Quadrille." Mr. Lundberg has arranged prismatic lights, such as were used at the pavilion fountain. Enough tickets have been sold to make the affair the financial success which it merits.

MALICIOUS PROSECUTION.—The Chinaman Wong Won who was arrested Friday evening for assault and battery, committed on an acquaintance in the Chinese theater, was yesterday tried before Justice Davis and the case dismissed. The charge had no foundation whatever, one Chinaman having made it to get even with another, who had worsted him in some business transaction.

SKATING CARNIVAL.—Saturday evening the 25th inst. another masquerade skating carnival will take place at the pavilion, on which occasion an exhibition of bicycle riding will be given. At the bicycle tournament last Saturday evening W. Warren, of Astoria, carried off the first prize, and Oakley Harkens the second.

THE LATE A. B. MEACHAM.—By a private telegram we learn that the funeral of this gentleman, so well known to all old Oregonians, took place in Washington on Saturday last, under the auspices of the Masonic fraternity, from the Metropolitan church. His remains were interred in the Congressional cemetery.

CATHOLIC D. & M. SOCIETY.—To-morrow being Ash Wednesday, the members of the above society will commemorate Washington's birthday by the rendition of an appropriate programme this evening at 8 o'clock in their hall, near the new Cathedral. All are invited. Admission 25 cents.

CASE CONTINUED.—N. W. Gow and Dot Bon, who were arrested Saturday, charged by O. C. Yocum with stealing $20 from him, were yesterday arraigned in the police court for examination, but on motion of their counsel, had it postponed until to-day. Their bail was fixed at $500 each.

POSTPONED.—The shooting tournament to have been given by the Multnomah Rod and Gun Club to-morrow has been postponed, and a contest for the club medal on glass balls will be substituted in its place. It will take place at the South Portland grounds, promptly at 1 o'clock P. M.

NEW SUPERINTENDENT.—Mr. F. H. Lamb, formerly located here, has been appointed superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph Company for Oregon and Washington, vice Mr. D. F. Leahy, resigned, and will leave San Francisco by Thursday's steamer to take charge.

SENTENCED FOR FORGERY.—Frank Booth, who was arrested on a charge of forgery not long since, was yesterday arraigned in the circuit court, where he entered a plea of guilty and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. He will be taken to Salem to-day.

DEATH FROM HEART DISEASE.—A Chinaman named Lee Gow, who for some time past has been an invalid at St. Vincent's hospital, died very suddenly about 1 o'clock yesterday morning. He was a tailor, and has been troubled with heart disease for many years.

LEG BROKEN.—Early yesterday morning Orville Jones fell on the sidewalk along Second street and broke his left leg between the knee and ankle. He was taken to St. Vincent's hospital, where the limb was set and is now resting easy.

THE STEAMERS.—The Oregon crossed in at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, left at 3:30, but had not arrived when THE OREGONIAN went to press. The Columbia arrived down at D. L. M. and crossed out at noon.

HOMEWARD BOUND.—Hon. D. P. Thompson left Washington yesterday and will return home by the Columbia sailing next Tuesday morning.

BRIEF MENTION.

Firemen's ball to-night.

Slight fall of snow yesterday—enough for a few hours' sleighing.

The City of Chester will sail from San Francisco on Thursday, the 23d.

Moses Hogue, the old and well known coachman, is again seriously ill at St. Vincent's.

The second Dime sociable of the Young People's Guild of Trinity church is postponed until after lent.

C. P. Ferry, agent of the California Insurance Co., states that Levi Knott has sued the Metropolis and American Central companies for insurance on the mill at Hubbard. The California Insurance Co. had nothing to do with the risk, but Mr. Ferry is acting as adjuster in absence of the local agent.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

DEEDS.

F. S. Chadbourne and wife to G. Shindler, part of sec. 23 and 24, Multnomah county, and 25 and 20 Clackamas county, Jan. 19—$1600.

E. C. Stewart and wife to Melissa E. Hug, lot 8 blk 90, Couch's add., Feb. 17—$1650.

Van B. De Lashmutt and wife to E. C. Stewart, Dec. 30—$1250.

U. E. Hicks and wife to F. P. and G. G. Hicks, lot 6 blk 181, and houses on it, Feb. 15—$1.

Jas. St. Clair and wife to W. H. Harris, lot 13 and 14 blk 301, in Couch's add., Feb. 17—$1300.

QUIT CLAIM DEEDS.

John Dolan and wife to Wm. Connell, 20 acres in sec. 1, T. 1 S., R. 1 E.

INQUIRIES ANSWERED.

1. Do the exports of this country exceed the imports? A SUBSCRIBER.

ANS.—The total imports of the United States for the 12 months ended Sept. 30, 1881, were valued at $741,339,916 and the exports for the same period, $883,493,367.—ED.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Was the Columbia river frozen over in March, 1868? I think it was. AN OLD TIMER.

The upper Columbia was blocked at Hell Gate until March 12, 1868. On that day the Owyhee forced her way through the gorge.—ED. OREGONIAN.

AT COST—Till March 1st, will be sold the entire stock of millinery goods at Miss A. I. Jorgensen's, 103 First street. The ladies should note this.

The German Bakery, 145 Third street, is doing a fine business. Best bread, cakes, etc.

SHEET MUSIC.—Largest stock on Northwest coast. Orders filled promptly. Send stamp for catalogue and Musical Journal. Wiley B. Allen, Portland.

Fine oil paintings, engravings, chromos. Ornamental frames made and regilding done. Volney's, 153 Third St.

Get your Prescriptions filled at Child's Drug Store, corner Second and Morrison.

COMING!—A number of Steinway & Sons' Parlor Grands, Square Grands and Cabinet Grand Upright. Albert Bartell, agent, 83 Yamhill st., near Fourth.

I have just taken out of pledge some Winchester and Ballard rifles, and also some very fine breech-loading shotguns, to be sold for the amount loaned and interest, at Uncle Myers', 181 First street.

Ask any of the fair sex where to get the choicest candies, and they invariably recommend S. L. Stone, First and Ash.

For delicious fruit bonbons, French candies, opera caramels, at Postoffice Candy Store, opposite P. O.

GARRISON'S SEWING MACHINE STORE, John B. Garrison, proprietor, 167 Third street, Portland.

Roller skating and bicycle school at the pavilion; open every day and evening (Sundays excepted).

All the leading Patent Medicines can be found at Child's Drug Store.

Have your clothes cleaned and dyed at the American steam dyeing and cleaning works, 10 Salmon St.

Stop coughing. Get Hamburg burst tea drops and flaxseed honey squares at Postoffice candy store.

New Domestic Sewing Machines, 49 Salmon street.

THE ORCHESTRAL CONCERT.

The mustering of local practical instrumentalists, effected in the formation of the band for the "Chimes of Normandy," recently given in this city, demonstrated the fact that there existed among us ample musical talent for the constitution of an orchestra and the public delineation of a high grade of music. The "Orchestral Union of Portland" shortly afterwards became a duly incorporated organization with an energetic conductor, a business-like committee of arrangement and a full complement of active members. Works were put into rehearsal and pushed on with a snap and vim that spoke well for the *esprit de corps*.

The announcement that a concert would be given at a date not more than six weeks from the establishment of the union was a little startling, and well wishers were inclined to question the wisdom of the society in rushing before the public too soon. The concert is now over, and upon reflection it would seem that perhaps there has been good judgment displayed in thus presenting the result of some comparatively not prolonged study. It has given the performers an early opportunity of acquiring a certain confidence in their individual powers which nothing save an audience can insure. The programme has been published repeatedly in these columns, as also the names of those composing the band. The only alteration made in the programme last evening was the substitution of a march by Stebbinger for the "Lohengrin" march. Giving Mrs. Cox in the first place, it is fair to say that in the two ballads which she sang in the first part she did with them all they as compositions merited. "O, Rest in the Lord," from "Elijah," she imbued with that religious pathos and repose which makes it beautiful and strikes a responsive chord whenever it is sung to a refined audience.

The feature of the evening was the violin concerto. Mr. Coursen has evidently been an earnest and thorough student of the violin, and there were points in his playing last night which showed him to be a virtuoso of no mean merit. He had to battle with most deplorable acoustic defects for such a performance. For the most part however his tone told, and the technique displayed in the elaborate cadenzas was first rate. He was applauded to the echo, and should be encouraged to work, feeling assured that the power to appreciate him here will keep pace with his merit. Schumann's "Traumerei," arranged for strings, was warmly redemanded, and played the second time smoothly and delicately. The overtures went with a swing, conventional weaknesses being noticeable in the horns, and small ruggedness where intricacies in construction were met with. The *tuttis* were played out with a firmness truly surprising in so young an orchestra.

By the performance of the symphony last evening, the capability of the orchestra as a whole must be measured and judged. The symphonies of Joseph Haydn have done much to encourage the development of amateur orchestras. The twelve composed for the Salomon concerts given in London towards the close of the eighteenth century are the outcome of mature genius. They abound in a grace of outline and perfection of detail which must ever endear them to the lover of music in its melodic form. Haydn said, "It is the air which is the charm of music." He hated affectation, and it is difficult to imagine Haydn and Wagner enjoying the same heaven.

The second symphony is one of the most celebrated of the "Salomon Set." It is known as the "Surprise," by reason, so at least the story goes, of a device which the composer adopted of rousing any flagging interest in the audience by a *tutti* chord played with a fortissimo bang in the midst of a quiet andante. It may be said that the symphony was done well enough to establish the society as an organization which can demand in the future the suffrages of all the music lovers in our city. Tone color will come with time and attention, but the power to execute is there.

The Orchestral Union is now the property of this city and as long as it faithfully endeavors to perform the best music in the best manner so long it should and doubtless will receive substantial recognition. Its public exhibitions are of course open to free criticism and in dealing with the work done we do not propose to use kid gloves. The departure has however the sympathy of this journal as indicative of the abundant presence in our midst of an essential to public refinement and amusement.

The audience which welcomed the society last night was perhaps the most attentive and enthusiastic that has ever gathered here. The time should not be far distant when it will be a privilege to obtain seats at the concerts of the Orchestral Union of Portland.

WHAT CROWLEY THINKS OF THE MURDER.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Constable Simmons forwarded the necessary papers to Sacramento on Saturday and warrants were received from Gov. Perkins to-day. The prisoners will leave Thursday on the State of California. The theory advanced here by Chief Crowley and the police department is that the Bradley woman inveigled Brown into her house the evening before her trial for keeping a disreputable house and drugged him in order to keep him away from court. She probably overdosed him and the result was fatal. While the intention therefore was not murderous the result was, and it became necessary to dispose of the body. It is claimed that Brown was not seen after his visit to Bradley's house.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

Mrs F Lyons, Astoria
L B Seely, Oswego
L A Brown, LaGrand
C Hill, "
A Stroud, Colfax
Capt Douglas, sh Jeanie Landles
E B Crichton, Oswego
E A Seeley, "
J M Swan, LaGrand
J M Warnoth, Colfax
C N Walt, Hood River
J S Sanderson, Denver
Major S Truax, W W
C C Cunningham, Walla Walla

THE ESMOND.

A P Wolverton, Monmoth
A Parlier, Park Village
H H Ragan, Salem
B B Bravinder, SpokanFls
L J Johnson & wf, Seattle
Walt Blakeslay, St Helens
MrsW Forrester&maid, SF
M L Morris, N Y
MrsW Pettigrew, Dalles
W A Wash, Goldendale
R M Creswell, Seattle
W M Wolverton, SpokanFls
Jno Olson, Oregon City
F P Kendall, Eagle Cliff
Wm Patterson, Phila, Pa
A H Blakeslay, St Helens
T C Watt, do
Jean D Fabic & fm, France
Earnest Lehman, S F
T C Arnold, S F
S E Sparrow, Vancouver
W A Cummins, Independ
Jno Cohens, Astoria

ST. CHARLES.

Chas Tozier, Hillsboro
Wm Guy, Lebanon
W B Price, Nr Yamhill
H Orang, Astoria
J Green, O R & N Co
Jas Chenoworth, Okld, O
L D Morrison, St Helens
D K Pettyah, Dayton, WT
Fred L Fuste, Jr, S F
E Matthews & wife, S F
G D Sweney, Lafayette
W A Miller, June City
Jas Black, Lebanon
S B Adams, The Dalles
D S Sears, Dallas
Mrs L Carmen, Astoria
J A Porter, Forest Grove
R L Nickerson, Cascades
S R Geddis, Yakima
W W Thomas, S F
Rev M Judy, Hillsboro
C Galbrath & wf, Rainier
W V McCoy, Lafayette
H Warren, East Portland

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

T Schantz, Dalles
J Walton, Sandy
G S McCord, Oregon City
A J Bean, Umatilla
J E McCoy, Salem
L C Done & wf, Sauv Isld
C Young, Oak Point
W E Ledgerwood, Corval
J F Waters, Harrisburg
Miss A Carlisle, Montreal
C Eaton, Astoria
A Gaston, Dalles
J Campbell, Wash Co
A J Splawn, Yakima
J R Biegle, Oregon City
M Casey, Dalles
J N Adams, city
C P Smith, Oregon City
L Burgy, Vancouver
J C Caswell, McMinnville
J Dart, St Helens
S W Anderson, Oak Point
W T Cross, Dalles
A D Runnels, Nr Yamhill
Mrs B Brandenburg, Clftn
D D McRae, Marshland
C S Campbell, Dalles
B E Hancock, Parker'sLdg
N Weber, Cascades
A N Wills, Willsburg

Splendid dinners, in fact all meals, are served by those experienced caterers, Smith & Hansen, of the St. Charles Restaurant. Call in when you wish an excellent meal.

D. W. Prentice & Co., leading music dealers, the only house in Portland that deal in musical merchandise exclusively. Largest stock of pianos, organs, sheet music and everything that pertains to the music business. Send your orders direct to us.

Masquerade at the Pavilion Saturday night, Feb 25. There will be a Masquerade Skating Carnival. See hand bills for particulars.

Great Reduction in Clothing, made to order, for the next 30 days, at Bon Ton Tailoring establishment, No. 11 Oak st, Shipper & Rybke, proprietors, on account of making room for spring stock.

All orders must be accompanied with the cash when sent to Child's Drug Store.

PALACE ORGANS

Are the best. Send to SIMON HARRIS, sole agent, for catalogue. Have no agents out. You can save money by ordering direct.

The People's Transfer Co., 5 Washington st., check baggage on all outgoing steamers at private residences. Orders left at the office promptly attended to.

A most agreeable surprise awaits you at the entrance to Abell's gallery. It is by all odds the best display he has made since he took possession of his rooms.

New stock of fancy goods, beads, etc., at N. Y. Novelty Co., 49 First street.

Pure and Fresh Drugs and Chemicals at Child's Drug Store.

The DAILY OREGONIAN is for sale at Gill's, and N. P. News Co's.

Go to Keith's for your oysters.

Agents and canvassers wanted at *New York Novelty's*, 49 First street, for fast selling articles.

A fine assortment of Japanese Bric a Brac, at N. Y. Novelty Co., 49 First street.

Remember that Child's Drug Store has been established in Portland five years.

BUSIEST HOUSE IN OREGON.

Rolled Gold Jewelry, Solid Gold Jewelry. The finest quality Diamonds, Parisian Diamonds, Silverware Specialties, etc., New York Jewelry Co., (Morse's Palace) 163 First street.

HAIR CUTTING.

Three of the finest workmen in the state are at Ferguson's hair cutting headquarters, 30 Stark street.

WALTHAM WATCHES

In 2-ounce silver case ... $14 00
In 3-ounce silver case ... 17 50
In 4-ounce silver case ... 19 50

With written guarantee for two years, sent to any part of the state on receipt of price. W. FRIEDLANDER, 65 First street, Portland, Or.

TO DEALERS IN TOBACCO.

Intending to retire from the tobacco business we offer our entire tobacco and cigars (the best brands) at less than San Francisco cost. Chas. Hirstel & Co., 106 First and 107 Front street, Portland.

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,
149 First , Portland, Or.
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry,
SILVER WARE,
CLOCKS, SPECTACLES, ETC.
Nautical Instruments and Ship Chronometers rated by transit observations and repaired.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY, SELL OR BORROW money at low rates, go to Walter O'Shea, Pawnbroker, 26 Washington street. Persons desiring loans can safely leave their valuables with him, as he is responsible. He is in business in Portland for the last ten years, and has treated persons properly at all times. O'Shea is "Boss Pawnbroker of Oregon, and don't you forget it.

BOARD OF TRADE.

A Petition sent to Oregon's Representatives Asking Aid to Repeal the Hawaiian Reciprocity Treaty.

A special meeting of the board of trade was called by Vice President C. H. Dodd in the absence of President Macleay, last night. The object of the meeting was founded upon a dispatch received from Hon. D. P. Thompson, asking them to do something as a body to aid in repealing the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty. After a brief statement of the object of the meeting by Mr. C. H. Dodd the following resolutions, presented by Mr. Wm. Kapus, were read and adopted and a summary of the same telegraphed to Hons. J. H. Slater, L. F. Grover and M. C. George. The resolutions were also sent in full by mail, with a petition asking Oregon's representatives to exert themselves in aiding to repeal the treaty.

Whereas, In the year 1875 a treaty of reciprocity was negotiated between the government of the United States and the kingdom of Hawaii, by the terms of which it was agreed that certain products of the Sandwich islands shall be admitted into the United States duty free; and

Whereas, It is believed that whatever reasons may have existed in 1875 for the ratification of this treaty of reciprocity by the two high powers, these reasons no longer exist, as the duties so remitted are not for the benefit of the people of the United States, but to the contrary the treasury of the United States has been plundered and the people of the Pacific coast defrauded directly of at least two millions of dollars annually and the indirect loss will reach a much larger sum, and

Whereas, By a peculiar combination of the interests of two corporations the benefits that were intended to flow to the people of the Pacific coast by the said treaty have been and are diverted so that a monopoly in sugar is created and the people of the Pacific states and territories are made to pay unjust and unreasonable prices for a common necessity and the enhanced values are made to enrich the two corporations at the expense of the people of this coast—the practical effect of which is to stop commerce, as shown in the case of the withdrawal of the direct line of vessels from Portland to the Sandwich islands, which owing to the peculiar manipulation of the products of these islands by the said corporations could no longer compete for the trade thereof. Therefore be it

Resolved by the Board of Trade of the City of Portland, That the reciprocity treaty now existing between the United States and the kingdom of Hawaii should be rescinded and abrogated, as it is believed that a treaty which places it in the power of one or two corporations to absolutely control an indispensable article of food is dangerous to the common weal.

Resolved, That the necessary steps to have said treaty abrogated and rescinded should be taken upon the part of the United States government without unnecessary delay.

Resolved, That we call upon our senators, Hon. L. F. Grover and Hon. J. H. Slater, and our representative in congress, Hon. M. C. George, to urge this matter of the abrogation of the Hawaiian treaty in our national congress, and that they leave no means untried to have the obnoxious treaty rescinded.

MODERATING.

Though heavy ice was running at The Dalles yesterday morning, the R. R. Thompson got through, and connections were made both ways. It snowed at the Cascades, but at no other point on the Columbia. In the evening The Dalles reported the river clear of floating ice. The upper Columbia from Celilo to Ainsworth is full of running ice, and Snake river likewise. At this writing (9 P. M., Monday) it looks as though the probabilities of a blockade and of no blockade in the middle Columbia were equal. Following are the bulletins:

8:30 A. M.

Station.	Weather.	Wind.	Ther.
Portland	Snowing	NW	32
Cascades	Snowing	Light Down	24
Shell Rock	Cloudy	Light Down	26
Hood River	Lt Snow	East	22
The Dalles	Cloudy	Calm	24
Celilo	Cloudy	Down	22
Grants	Cloudy	Calm	24
Wallula Junction	Snowing	Light N	25
South Ainsworth	Cloudy	Light N	19
Touchet	Snowing	Calm	
Whitman	Clear	Calm	21
Walla Walla	Snowing	Calm	21
Bolles Junction	Snowing	Calm	20
Waitsburg	Snowing	Calm	20
Dayton	Snowing	Calm	22
Alto	Snowing	Calm	18
Riparia	Snowing	Calm	28
5 P. M.			
Portland	Cloudy	North	37
Cascades	Snowing l'd	Calm	28
Shell Rock	Cloudy	Calm	35
Hood River	Cloudy	Calm	30
The Dalles	Cloudy	Calm	32
Celilo	Cloudy	Down	28
Grants	Cloudy	Light Down	32
Blalocks	Cloudy	Light E	31
Alkali	Cloudy	Calm	30
Willows	Cloudy	Calm	30
Umatilla	Cloudy	Calm	28
Wallula Junction	Snowing	Calm	28
South Ainsworth	Cloudy	Calm	29
Touchet	Snowing	Calm	
Walla Walla	Snowing	Calm	27
Bolles' Junction	Cloudy	Calm	26
Waitsburg	Cloudy	Calm	24
Dayton	Snowing	Calm	26
Alto	Cloudy	Calm	23
Riparia	Cloudy	Calm	28

THE COURTS.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY, J.

MONDAY, Feb. 20.

Heath vs. Tichnor et al—Decree confirming report of master of sale of real property.

Castleman vs. Caskalls—Exceptions to answer argued and submitted.

Court adjourned till Wednesday, Feb. 22.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—STOTT, J.

Watson vs. Ankeny—Demurrer overruled.

Fleckenstien & Mayey vs. Scealy—Default and judgment.

Mory vs. Rohr—Day after tomorrow to file motion for new trial.

State of Oregon vs. Frank Booth—Indictment No. 2; plea of not guilty withdrawn and plea of guilty entered. Sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Freeman vs. Buck—Motion to strike out parts of the answer argued and submitted.

State of Oregon vs. Frank Booth—Indictment No. 1. Indictments dismissed.

State of Oregon vs. Thomas Ward—Arraigned and to-morrow morning to plead.

Tice vs. Houghten & Palmer—Motion to apportion costs submitted.

Edwards vs. Lewston—Motion for leave to file amended complaint submitted.

COUNTY COURT—RICE, J.

LAW.

Hogedeni vs Oldendorf & Heubner—set for trial Feb. 24.

Partnership estate of Everding & Beebe, Edward Beebe deceased, petition to sell real estate—Hearing continued to Friday.

Guardianship of Tomlinson heirs—Ordered that guardian to sell real estate.

Estate of E. Martin dec'd.—Final account of administration heard and approved and administrator discharged.

Estate of D. L. McCloud, dec'd.—Final account of administrator heard and administrator discharged.

COMMISSIONERS.

Road from John E. Harkins to Sumers and Taylor's ferry road—W. P. Jones and Lewis Love appointed viewers to meet at John E. Harkins' blacksmith shop on Friday, March 3, at 9 o'clock.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Signal service United States army. Division of telegrams and reports for the benefit of commerce and agriculture. Report for the last 24 hours. The following observations are taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named.

PORTLAND, Feb. 20, 1:37 P. M.

Place of Observation	Height of Barom.	Change last 8 hours	Ther	Wind Direc tion.	Rain fall inches	State of weath.
Portland	30 42	.07	36	Calm	.35	Clody
Olympia	30.35	.10	40	N	.18	Clody
Roseburg	30 26	—.07	39	Calm	.31	Clody
Red Bluff	30.49	.02	41	Calm	.00	Fair
Sacramento	30.15	—.03	45	N	.00	Clody
Umatilla	30.46	...	29	NW	.02	Fair

River 3 feet 6 inches above low water mark; risen 1 inch.

Maximum temperature, 37.0 degrees; minimum temperature, 25.0 degrees.

Eastern Oysters every steamer at Keith'.

32 years' experience at Child's Drug Store.

Mrs. Pilger, the only leading suit and cloak house.

For a fine piano, second hand, call at 153 Third street. A bargain.

Garrison's Sewing Machine Store, 167 Third street, is the best place in Oregon to get all kinds of machines repaired, for needles, attachments, silk, thread, machine parts, etc.

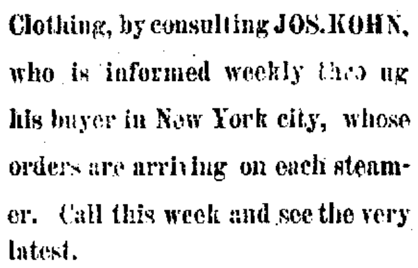
The 20th annual ball of the Washington Guard, will be given at the Turn Halle on the eve of February 22.

Best coffee in city. Eastern and local oysters in any style. White cook in charge of cuisine. Open at night. Burrows', 113 North First street.

All kinds sewing machines repaired. John Barbey 32 Yamhill.

KEEP POSTED

About the prevailing styles in Clothing, by consulting JOS. KOHN, who is informed weekly through his buyer in New York city, whose orders are arriving on each steamer. Call this week and see the very latest.



All modern improvements. Restaurant the best in the city. Open all day.
J. H. BRENNER, Prop'r.

FOR SALE—A NICE LOT
TILLAMOOK BUTTER.
EVERDING & FARRELL.

ZAN BROTHERS,
Manufacturers of
BROOMS AND WOODEN WARE, AND
IMPORTERS OF WILLOW WARE.
Nos. 12 and 14 North Front St.

THE WASCO RANGE.

SOME WIT AND WISDOM FROM THE BUNCH GRASS REGION.

The Cattle Supply Giving Out—The Plow Taking the Plains—A Portland Boy in the "Broncho" Business—Etc., etc.

ON THE RANGE, Feb. 12, 1882.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

So many articles are written descriptive of this great stock producing country and generally of the bunch grass region, that more might seem superfluous, did I not intend to put it in a somewhat different light than that usually presented. It may not be startling, but it will be original and true. None of the gloss of the "tender foot" will gild the lines, in whose eyes one hundred head of cattle seem a thousand and a thousand, a countless drove. Do we, can we realize our beef supply is getting very low? It may even seem ridiculous to assert that the butchers in the near future will look for stall-fed and wintered beef for their supply, instead of turning their eyes toward the range. Yet it is so. Just yesterday a bunch of beef passed which were gathered for the Portland markets two hundred and fifty miles from The Dalles. A brief sketch of what might be called the tail of the stockmen's republic might be interesting to the laity. I think it was in the year 1876 Teal & Coleman sold out their herd, which was then the largest in the county, to Lang & Ryan. It marked a new epoch in cattle-raising in this part of Oregon. It showed that we were no longer dependent on the home and California markets for the demand. The great east had stretched out its far-reaching arms and western beef was to tickle the palates of the epicures of England and New York. From that time to this there has been a steady, constant drain; every year immense herds have wended their way slowly across the boundless plains. The natural increase was expected to take their place. The consequence was and has been inevitable. Then came the hard winter a year ago—the great equalizer. This year will witness the last big drive—the grand finale. All the cattle of any consequence between Trout creek and the Columbia have been sold. This spring will witness the last big round up. The range will echo and re-echo with the thunder of the thousands. Then all will be still, except a few scattering herds. Further south they still run cattle extensively, but stock must give way to the plow, the rancher to the farmer, the cowboy to the ox-driver. What has led to this decay? Many causes. The range giving out, watering places being taken up, and another reason still: You may know or have heard of "mavericks," "mallet-heads," "bronchos," etc. Well, they are unbranded yearlings; that is, calves that are missed on the spring and fall rides, and so go over unmarked, unbranded, but not unknown. There are sharp eyes, swift horses and ready ropes waiting for just such opportunities, and soon the broncho is marked and branded. It was only by easy stages that from yearlings the ages dropped until now *anything* unbranded, young or old, is taken, weaned away from its mother, branded and turned out.

This nefarious business has assumed somewhat large proportions, and stock men are becoming alarmed. What would you call this business? Up here we mustn't breathe the harsh word that rises to your lips—"It is retaliation," "They all do it."

Living on a bachelor's ranch is not the funniest, awfully jolly thing in the world. When the fall comes the boss, or "old man," gently slides off, the grub is laid in and all is serene. A few saddle horses are kept up for an occasional ride on the range, some wild ones to be broken, saddles oiled, ropes mended, in fact all the rigs get a general overhauling. The bill of fare is about as follows: Bacon and beans, beef, butter (strong! oh, so strong!) potatoes, bread, fruits, syrup, rice are the staples; in fact, about the all in all. I cook—have a smoky stove. The bread only bakes on one side at a time. Other grievances are too numerous to mention. I enjoy it hugely. It is so like a book—this getting up at 5 in the morning is so healthy, but if you know any good healthy cook that wants a job they will know where to inquire. No Chinese or men need apply; I hate men's cooking.

I will give you one instance of what riding the range in the winter means. A blinding snowstorm which shows no signs of breaking up greets you in morning. Saddle up; put on all your warm things, rubbers, mufflers, etc., and start. You are soon out now on the plains, but it is no place to look for cattle. In the canyons hid away is where you find them. "What's that, with his sleek ears standing straight up. By heavens, a broncho!" You feel no cold now. To dig the steel deep in the flanks, unloose the rope and go thundering down the rocky canyon is a moment's work. Turn him up the hill; a whiz of the riata; your panting horse is standing solid, his heaving flanks wet with foam, while strange to say a broncho is all tangled up in the other end of your rope. In a moment he is down and tied fast, a fire lighted in a handy sage brush, the hot iron on his flanks and ears cut. He is yours—that is, mine. Profit and loss—one calf is entered up.

Well, some day come out, breathe a little fresh air, take a genuine ride, see all the fun, and then say whether or not life on the range is a free and happy one.

The cattle kings have seen their day. The cowboy will be a thing of the past in a few years. Everybody will raise a few cattle, but the wild, hearty living will be confined to reminiscences of what it has been. Even now we are being crowded. Too much immigration. The sage brush is giving way to the grubbing hoe; the bunch grass to the plow. Is it for the best? I think not. Wasco will soon be on the same footing as her sister webfoot counties. When they get a little thicker many will quietly fold their tents and "git," and among them will be * * *

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.

THE OREGON
FURNITURE MFG. CO.

Have Just Received, Direct from the Factories, the Largest Stock of

Carpets

Ever brought to this market, consisting of Venetian, Ingrain, Extra Super Three-Ply, Tapestry, Body Brussels, Moquette and Axminster, which they offer at very low prices.

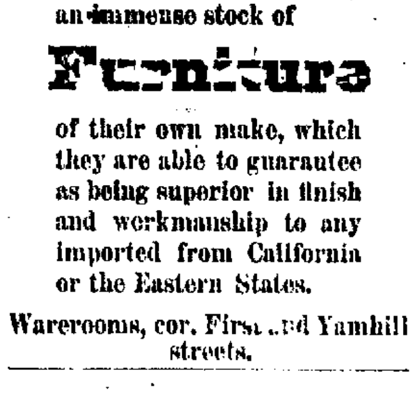
The Company also carry an immense stock of

Furniture

of their own make, which they are able to guarantee as being superior in finish and workmanship to any imported from California or the Eastern States.

Warerooms, cor. First and Yamhill streets.

Established 1857.



G. SHINDLER & CO.,
(Successors to Shindler & Chadbourne)
MANUFACTURERS
OF
FURNITURE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Furniture, Carpets,
Wall Papers, Lace Curtains,
Mirrors, Bedding, etc.
BEST ASSORTMENT,
LOWEST PRICES.
Factory at Willsburg, four miles from East Portland.
Warerooms extend through 200 feet from 166 FIRST to 167 FRONT ST.,
PORTLAND, OR.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

SEED WHEAT AND OATS,

Imported from Australia and New Zealand.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECEIVED a shipment of sixty sacks of very choice Purple Straw and White Australian Wheat, from Adelaide, Australia, and twenty sacks of Short Canadian Oats, from Christchurch, New Zealand. The wheat is well adapted for this country, clean and without fault. It has been known to yield 70 bushels per acre when planted in a wetter climate. The oats are clean, bright and heavy, and are what is wanted for milling.

This is a chance which seldom occurs for farmers to get a good change of seed. For further particulars as to price, etc., apply to W. M. DUNBAR,
28 Stark and 29 Front street, Portland

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. H. PAGE,
133 FRONT STREET, NEAR ALDER,
PORTLAND, OR.
COMMISSION MERCHANT
AND DEALER IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY AND MILL FEED
Oregon & California Produce.
Consignments and correspondence solicited.
Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments.

IRA B. STURGES. ESPER S. LARSEN

STURGES, LARSEN & CO.,
Shipping & Commission Merchants
Wholesale Dealers in
Canned Goods, Teas, Syrups, Honey, etc., etc.
SHIPPERS OF
Salmon, Grain, Flour, Wool, Country Produce.
84 Front St., Portland, Or.
Agents for C. Adolphe Low & Co's China and Diamond L Japan Teas.
Advances made on Consignments.

R. C. JANION & SON.
IMPORTERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AGENTS FOR LLOYD'S
AND
The Underwriting and Agency Association,
Offer for sale at Wholesale Prices:

Ind Coope's, Bass' and Tennent's Ales; Burke's and Guinness' Pig Brand Stout; Red Case Gin; Geneva in bulk; Scotch Whisky in case and bulk; Dunville's and other Irish Whiskies; Jules Robin Brandies in case and bulk, Dorovil e, Hennessy and Martell; Perrier's and Carte Blanche Champagnes; Finest Sherries and Port; Bordeaux Clarets; Excellent Pure Malt Vinegar Pure Salad Oil; Brough's Table Salt; Nobles and Hoare's Varnishes; Wheat Sacks and Hessians; Fire Bricks; Soda Crystals, Soda Ash, Chloride of Lime and High-Proof Caustic Soda; Pig Iron; Coke; Sheet Iron; Galvanized Iron; Saucepans; Fry Pans; Tinmen's Wire; Tin Plates and Zinc; Banca Tin, etc.

D. J. MALARKEY & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
Foreign & Domestic Produce.
We make the sale of Dairy Produce a Specialty.
DEPOT FOR OREGON HOP GROWERS.
Consignments and orders solicited. Letters of inquiry promptly answered. Weekly Prices Current mailed free on application.
LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
10 and 12 Front St., Portland, Or.

SHUBRICK NORRIS. E. G. PIERCE
E. G. PIERCE & CO.
General Forwarding and Shipping Agents,
30 California St., San Francisco, Cal.
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E. A. BREYMAN,
Cor. Front and Stark Sts., Portland,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
OREGON AND CALIFORNIA PRODUCE.
Butter, Eggs and Cheese a Specialty.
We invite correspondence. Weekly price current mailed on application.
Cash advances made on approved consignments.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.,
UMATILLA,
FORWARDING and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries,
HARDWARE,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Mark Goods care } J. R. F. JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

JAMES H. KOONTZ,
UMATILLA, OR.,
FORWARDING and COMMISSION MERCHANT.
RATES REDUCED.
A Large Fire-Proof Warehouse for Storage
ALSO DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Hardware and General Merchandise.
(Established in 1875.)
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W. B. KING
DuBOIS & KING,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
112 and 114 Front Street, Portland, Or.
416 Battery St., San Francisco.
Special attention given to the sale of Wool, Grain Flour and Produce in Portland and San Francisco

THE REDUCTION
In the price of refined sugars, and the large addition we made to our factory during last month, enables us to announce to our patrons
A SUBSTANTIAL REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF OUR
CANDIES!
Dealers will please take notice that we manufacture more different kinds of Candies than any other factory on the coast, and guarantee pure quality and full weight.
ALISKY & HEGELE,
Proprietors of
Portland Steam Candy Manufactory,
145 First and 28 Alder St.
P. O. Box 61.

J. O'CONNOR,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES AND PRODUCE
Ship Stores, Garden and Grass Seed, Foreign and Domestic Fruits.
Corner Front and Washington Streets.

J. DROUILHAT,
Billiard & Pool Table Manufacturer and Cabinet Maker.
Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Billiard Supplies of all kinds constantly on hand.
31 Washington St., Portland, Or. 125

MILLINERY AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
JOHN CRAN & CO.
Have opened this morning the first of their NEW
SPRING GOODS!
A
Magnificent Assortment
OF
BLACK SILKS,
Commencing at $1.00,
BL'K RHADAMES,
BL'K MOIRE,
BL'K STRIPED MOIRE,
BL'K BROCADED MOIRE.

50 pcs. COLORED SURAH,
All shades, 24 inches wide, the best value in the market.

A lot of New Spring
DRESS GOODS
IN
Pin-Head Checks and Plaids.

An Elegant Lot of
FRENCH PERCALES AND SALTEENS
In Spots and Figures.

NEW SCOTCH GINGHAMS,
Choice Colorings.

New Materials for making Ties,
Dotted India Mulls and
Persian Lawn.

NEW LINENS.

JOHN CRAN & CO.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Attention!—Something New at
SOL'S RESTAURANT
No. 67 First Street.
First Served March 25.
Hot English Muffins for Breakfast.
Also the finest and best meals, including a pint bottle of good table claret, for 50 cents.
Game and Poultry always on hand.
S. A. SOLOMON, Prop'r.

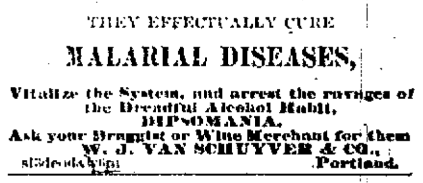
ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
Corner Front and Morrison, Portland.
(On the European Plan.)
THOS. GUINEAN, Proprietor,
(Late of the Arcade, Sacramento)
THIS HOTEL IS THOROUGHLY FIRE-PROOF. Contains 120 elegantly furnished suits and single rooms, which have been refitted and refurnished in modern style.
Free coach to and from all trains and boats.

CLARENDON HOTEL,
PORTLAND, OR.,
ZIEBER & KNOWLES, Proprietors.
Situated opposite all the Railroad and Steamship offices. Street Cars pass the house every five minutes. Free Coach to and from the house. Street car tickets free to guests.

PERUVIAN
BITTERS

(CHINCHONA RUBRA.)
The Finest BITTERS in the WORLD
THEY EFFECTUALLY CURE
MALARIAL DISEASES,
Vitalize the System, and arrest the ravages of the Dreadful Alcohol Habit,
DIPSOMANIA.
Ask your Druggist or Wine Merchant for them
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER & CO.,
s13deod&wly Portland.

C. B. FETY, SEAL ENGRAVER!
83 Oak St., bet. First and Second.



Second-hand Machinery For Sale

ONE TWO-FLUE BOILER, 42in x21 FEET; FLUES 12 1-4 in diameter; tested to 120 pounds C. W. P.
One tubular boiler, 5ftx11 feet.
These boilers have all the fittings complete.
One 8x12 horizontal steam engine.
One 9x18 horizontal steam engine.
One 8x24 horizontal steam engine.
One 9x24 upright steam engine.
One 6x6 upright steam engine (new).
One surface planer; planes 24 inches wide.
Also, shafting, hangers, pulleys and boxes.
WILLIAM COLLIER,
fidlm Madison St., between Third and Fourth.

WORLD-RENOWNED
STEINWAY & SONS PIANOS!
AGENCY FOR THE NORTHWEST,
83 Yamhill St., near Fourth.
Catalogues free.

The Shirring and Ruffling Machine,
INDISPENSABLE
TO DRESSMAKERS AND MILLINERS. Agents wanted. Address for particulars, J. E. TOPLITZ, General Agent for the Pacific Coast, 529 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. P. O. Box 1890.

$3,500. $3,500.

CO-OPERATION.

THE

True Solution

OF THE GREAT

Social, Domestic and Business
Problems of To-day.

PRIZES.	IN ALL	PRIZES.
CLASS I. ONE PRIZE, $1,000!	$3,500.00.	CLASS I. ONE PRIZE $1,000!
CLASS II. EACH MONTH ONE PRIZE, OF $100! TWO PRIZES $50 EACH! 4 PRIZES $25 EACH! AND 20 PRIZES $10 EACH!	TO BE DISTRIBUTED AMONG OUR CUSTOMERS ON THE CO-OPERATIVE PLAN! MELLIS BROS. & CO.	CLASS II. EACH MONTH ONE PRIZE OF $100! TWO PRIZES $50 EACH! 4 PRIZES $25 EACH! AND 20 PRIZES $10 EACH!

A DIVISION OF PROFITS WITH OUR CUSTOMERS
A DIVISION OF PROFITS WITH OUR CUSTOMERS

$3,500.00! $3,500.00!

Reviewing our great and continued business success, we have concluded to place it beyond all previous results, by adopting the truest and most enduring business principle: A division of profits with our customers, giving to every one dealing with us an interest in the prosperity of the establishment. We will

DISTRIBUTE EACH MONTH,
Commencing March 15th,
$500.00!
Continuing until July 15th, when the Grand Prize
OF
$1,000.00 Additional
Will be awarded, making a distribution in all of
$3,500.00.

The Five Hundred Dollars distributed each month will be in

ONE PRIZE OF	$100
TWO PRIZES OF	50 EACH
FOUR PRIZES OF	25 EACH
TWENTY PRIZES OF	10 EACH

Every customer purchasing goods to the amount of ONE DOLLAR will receive ONE TICKET (white), and each customer purchasing goods to the amount of FIVE DOLLARS at one time will receive ONE TICKET (red) EXTRA, entitling to one number in the grand $1,000 prize, in addition to the tickets (white) for each dollar's worth in the monthly distribution.

MELLIS BROS. & CO.

MONEY IS DEPOSITED WITH FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
AND WILL BE DRAWN AND LEGALLY DISTRIBUTED
BY E. L. REED, NOTARY PUBLIC.

SWORN STATEMENT.

STATE OF OREGON, }
County of Multnomah, } ss.

I, F. R. MELLIS, being first duly sworn, do depose and say that I am a member of the firm of MELLIS BROS. & CO., doing business in the city of Portland, Oregon, and that the above is the true purpose and intent of said firm. F. R. MELLIS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of February, A. D. 1882.
(Seal.)
E. L. REED,
Notary Public, State of Oregon.

Sale Begins Feb. 15, '82.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

Referring to the above, we will add, that our prices will be as popular as ever, and, as in the past, we will in the future endeavor to offer the best assortment and grades of goods at the lowest possible figures.

MELLIS BROS. & CO.

126 FIRST ST.,
127 and 129 FRONT ST.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 21, 1882.

THE NIGHT-WIND.

Once, when the night-wind clapped its wings,
And shook the window-bars and roof,
I heard the soul of battle-kings
Drive by in clashing proof!

Sometimes, a runic strife it kept,
Of winter nights, in sleeted trees
Or underneath the eaves it crept
A swarm of murmuring bees.

Or, now, wild huntsmen of the air
In hollow chase their bugles blew,
While swift o'er wood and hill top bare
The shrill-voiced quarry flew.

Sometimes I heard of lovers flown,
Safe, under ward of storm and night,
To where, in sylvan lodge, there shown,
A taper kind and bright.

These things the night-wind used to tell,
And still would tell, if I might hear;
But sorrow sleeps too sound and well
To lend a dreamful ear.

—*Edith M. Thomas, in the Midwinter Century.*

MR. GRAHAM'S MANIA.

London Society.

My friend Jack Graham of the F. O., is a very good fellow; but, as I have often told him, he would be a better fellow still if he was not so dreadfully matter-of-fact. I have spoken very seriously about this defect to him over and over again; but it does not seem to be of any use. I suppose it is the nature of the man, ingrained in his Caledonian blood.

"I can't help being Scottish, you know, Norfolk," he sometimes says meekly.

He calls me "Norfolk" because my name is Howard. It is not his own idea. He is not the sort of man to dream of anything approaching to a joke. But hearing others apply the names of Norfolk and Cimex to me, he has fallen into ways of doing so himself. I have occasionally indulged in the fancy that when Jack uses a nickname, he experiences a sort of inward feeling which is the germ of what would be, if duly developed, a sense of humor. But this is only a fancy on my part, and perhaps I am biased in his favor, being a friend of several years' standing.

We first chummed at Trinity, where our tastes and pursuits were as different as could be. He was as steady as old Time. I wasn't. He was a wrangler. I wasn't. But with all these short-comings on his part, he was really a very good fellow; and I have always taken a fatherly interest in him. If he were only not so brutally respectable, perhaps, we might get on better still.

I was very angry with Jack once. It was about three years ago; and this is how it happened.

He had an uncle, from whom I gathered that he had expectations. I was not particularly interested in the old gentleman from Jack's remarks about him. As far as I could make out he must have been a dry old book-collector and connoisseur of pictures, an archæologist, and, above all, genealogist. None of his tastes were in the least in my line; nor had I the slightest desire to make his acquaintance. By the way, Jack himself knew a deal too much about pedigrees and such things to be agreeable. I often had to shy a book at his head at Cambridge; because he would go prosing on about family histories, and the Graham clan, and the family legends, etc., things I didn't care two-pence about. I remember once being rash enough to say to him:

"I suppose, then, Jack, if about fifty thousand Grahams could be quickly disposed of, you'd be Duke of Montrose?"

"My dear fellow," he replied, in a very serious tone, "I can't get you to understand that we belong to the elder branch. Don't you see, Sir Patrick, in the reign of Robert II., had four sons by his second marriage, and——"

"Confound Sir Patrick!" I shouted. "What's the good of bringing all that up again! Hang it, Jack, we all go up to Noah, and there we stop!"

"The Grahams," replied Jack, solemnly, "are descended from Adam."

The Scotch are too fond of pedigrees. Old Mr. Graham was probably, I thought, far worse in this respect than his nephew; and I confess I had no desire to incur the risk of hearing the history of all the Grahams from his dry old lips.

My friendship with Jack was therefore very severely put to the test when he came to my chambers one day and said:

"Cimex, I wonder if you'd do me a sort of a kind of a little favor?"

"Name it, Jack."

"Well look here, old man. My uncle wants me to run down and spend the evening with him to-morrow, as I often do; and the fact is there's a pressure of work just now at the office, owing to the new move of old Bismarck's. Of course I could get away if I really wanted to; but I don't think I ought. The chief's such a good fellow, it would be a shame to run away."

"Well, Jack, and you want me to——"

"To go and dine with my uncle, if you don't mind, Norfolk. I'm afraid it will bore you rather; but the old fellow is very fond of showing off his pictures and things to strangers. So if you could conjure up some interest in such subjects, and wouldn't mind his prosing away for an hour or two, I should be so much obliged."

"My dear Jack," I replied, "I would do even more than that for you. For your sake, and as a testimony to the great regard I have for you, I will condescend to go so far as to partake of a first-class dinner which I understand that Mr. Graham is in the habit of spreading before his guests. And if his wines are as good as I expect they will be, he shall go bang through the Graham pedigree if he likes, provided he doesn't expect me to understand it."

"Thank you, Sim," (an endearing abbreviation of Cimex); "it's very good of you, and will set my mind quite at rest. Don't be afraid of my uncle, though I can't deny that he has a mania for genealogy. You see his own marriage was peculiar, and made his connections rather complicated. His father-in-law ——"

"Oh, bother his father-in-law!" I said. "He'll tell me all about it himself, I dare say."

"Yes, very likely that he will; only, you know, Norfolk, I thought I'd prepare you."

"Declined, with thanks, Jack. I'll have it all in one dose, old boy."

"Then I'll drop him a line to say you are coming in my stead, Sim. He'll be more pleased, I believe, than if I were to go myself. He's so proud of showing his library and his pictures. You do like pictures, Sim?"

"Well, yes, I do like some pictures," I replied.

"I will tell him so," Jack said; "that will make you more welcome."

Accordingly, on the afternoon of the next day I found myself going down to Marlow, where Mr. Graham had a really "desirable mansion," on the banks of the river. In the train I tried to remember all that Jack had told me at different times about the old gentleman, but found that, if I was suddenly called upon to write his biography, I could scarcely have written six lines.

"—— Graham, Esq.," the memoir might have run, "was born about the end of the eighteenth century. In his old age he was a widower without children, living on the banks of the Thames, near Marlow. He had a large collection of books and pictures, and was very fond of genealogy."

That was about all I knew.

I found the old gentleman in his library. He was tall and rather thin, stooping with age, cheerful, and only too communicative.

"Very glad to see you; very glad indeed, Mr. Howard," he said, shaking hands. "I am always glad to see any of John's friends. They must have something good about them, I always think, if John likes them. A very steady young man is John, and he'll do well. They think highly of him at the office. His lordship, I happen to know, has got his eye upon him. I only hope he won't make a fool of himself by marrying too early."

Mr. Graham sighed as he said this, and seemed troubled at some thought which crossed his mind. I endeavored to change the subject, which was slightly embarrassing to myself, inasmuch as Jack was evidently smitten, though few knew it as yet, by the charms of my eldest niece, Mary Skelton, who was more like a sister to me than a niece, being only seven years my junior. An engagement of which his rich uncle did not approve might be a serious thing to Jack, so I plunged into other topics. Presently, however, my host started one of his hobbies.

"Pray, Mr. Howard," he said, with great suavity, "may I ask whether you are one of the Norfolk Howards?"

Was the old gentleman chaffing me? I looked up at him, but saw in his countenance no reason for supposing such a thing.

"I—really, sir, I don't know much about my father's family. His father was a clergyman somewhere in Worcestershire, I think; but I'm not at all clear about our pedigree."

It was evident that Mr. Graham had a poorer opinion of me after this.

"H'm!" he ejaculated; "I expect, if you belonged to the Norfolk branch, or to the Edwards of Effingham, you would know about it. But perhaps you are one of those radical fellows who smile at the claims of long descent?"

"Well, Mr. Graham, to tell you the truth, I don't care much what my descent may have been."

He frowned, and I was afraid I had forfeited his good opinion altogether. But what had I done? I had only spoken the truth. I was beginning to regret that I had been so self-denying to Jack as to take his place.

"I hear from my nephew that you like pictures, Mr. Howard," said Jack's uncle, after a pause. "Shall we take a turn in the picture gallery before dinner? There is a very good light just now."

Accordingly he led the way into a long corridor, whose walls were covered with pictures. I saw at once, to my disappointment, that the pictures were by no means of the class I cared for, being chiefly portraits of ladies and gentlemen who had lived and died long before the nineteenth century had begun. I resigned myself to the peripatetic lecture on the Graham family which I expected, mentally deciding, however, that there were limits even to my powers of self-sacrifice for Jack's sake.

But Mr. Graham, it appeared, did not deem me worthy to be told [illegible] of the treasures of the family history which he would doubtless have let loose on more intelligent and sympathizing ears. He simply played the part of showman, stating names and dates, and here and there some military exploit or political event.

At last we came to a portrait which rather took my fancy. It was a handsome face, but terribly disfigured by the tremendous wig which betokened the time of James II. In the corner I read the date 1687.

"That," said Mr. Graham calmly, "is my father-in-law, Sir Duncan Kennedy. John will have told you about him."

His *father-in-law!* What could the old gentleman mean? I remembered that Jack had been on the point of telling me about Mr. Graham's father-in-law, and I had stopped him, because I had not wished to be bored by the same uninteresting story twice over. But here was the old gentleman, still under eighty, as I had understood from my friend, talking of a man who had presumably been born in the middle of the seventeenth century as his father-in-law. What could it mean?

It flashed across me that Mr. Graham was a monomaniac! He had gone mad on the subject of family history. All at once came surging up into my mind several little expressions which Jack had dropped at different times about his uncle, and which confirmed this theory. Jack had spoken of his "mania," but I regarded this as a mere figure of speech, forgetful that my very literal friend was not given to "figures of speech;" though, to be sure, another "figure of speech" of Jack's also occurred to me. He had said that his uncle "lived in the past." He does "live in the past" with a vengeance, I thought, if he thinks his father-in-law lived in the Caroline times!

"John will have told you about him," were the words which the old man had last spoken. In my agitation I muttered something which he must have taken for assent, for he said no more on the subject, and began talking about other portraits.

I put in "Yes," "Indeed!" etc., instinctively when addressed by him; but I was really occupied by the thought that my companion was *non compos mentis*, and I was extremely angry with Jack for not having prepared me for this, and in fact for having subjected me to this kind of thing at all.

If I had any lingering doubts as to Mr. Graham's sanity, they would have been entirely dispelled, and his insanity perfectly established in my mind, by the remarks he made presently concerning two other portraits.

"That," he said, pointing to a young cavalier, "is *my brother-in-law*, Sir Edward Ingram, who fought at Edgehill, you know, in 1642. He was only eighteen then."

I looked fixedly at the portrait, pretending to be deeply interested, as though I heard all about Sir Edward from Jack. But after a rapid calculation, I said to myself, "Yes, your brother-in-law, as you call him, would have been only 257 if he were living now, my poor friend. I fear it is a case for the commissioners in lunacy."

"And that," added Mr. Graham, referring to another portrait, "is my nephew, Lord Crediton. He was born in the same week as the battle of Ramilies. Rather unusual, isn't it, to have a nephew ninety-one years older than yourself?"

This is very sad. After this one might expect anything. I set myself to humor the poor old man, and to appear to listen most attentively to everything he said, and to laugh at everything he said, and to laugh at anything intended for a joke. But it was dismal work, and my mind was engaged all the time by two different questions: first, what I should do if the old gentleman became violent; and secondly, what I should say to Jack, who had behaved so unhandsomely by me.

I never enjoyed a good dinner less in my life than the excellent dishes which appeared that evening. We dined tete-a-tete, and by superhuman efforts I contrived to get through the meal somehow, not attending in the least to the sumptuous viands of which I partook, nor to the choice claret which under other circumstances I could not have failed to appreciate. I hoped that Mr. Graham's mania was not considered dangerous; for otherwise, as I argued to myself, surely a keeper would be present. But still the horrible thought occurred to me, "In his state of mind a dangerous phase may come at any moment;" and I wished there were not so many knives on the table.

We were by no means silent, for Mr. Graham started several topics of conversation, such as the weather, the harvest prospects, the Eastern question, the Premier's removal to the House of Lords, etc. I answered mechanically, and tried to look as if I thought every remark my companion made very striking. In point of fact he did not talk any nonsense. But for the breaking out of the mania in the picture gallery I should not have known that he was insane. Having, however, witnessed that mania, I was, of course, now only anxious to avoid giving him offense until I could decently take my leave. And meantime my observations and replies were so meagre and childish that I caught myself thinking more than once, "If he were not a maniac himself, what a fool he would think me!"

I had not ventured to say anything to any of the men servants on the subject of their master's mania. No doubt they imagined that I knew all about it and was quite prepared. "What a bad chance," I thought, "not to listen to Jack? He would have told me, perhaps, about the mania; but no, he could never have expected me to have come here if I had known. Depend upon it, he trusted to my not finding out. Perhaps the mania only appears rarely." And a cold perspiration came all over me as I wondered whether the mania might not take a violent shape before my departure.

At length this terrible ordeal came to an end, and I tremblingly wished my unfortunate host good night and took my leave. When once out of his house I felt as if I were making my escape from a lunatic asylum; and, without considering whether there was any need of so doing, I positively ran all the way to the station. Nor did I feel quite comfortable until I was in the train and speeding toward Paddington.

"It's too bad of Jack," I thought, as I sat in the railway carriage. "I shall have to give him a piece of my mind about this. It's beyond a joke. Perhaps it is a Scotchman's idea of a joke! But Jack has never done such a thing before. Can it be possible that he has never found it out himself? No, that's impossible. He *must* know about it. By the way, I hope there isn't madness in the family. I shall have to inquire about this, and speak to my sister if I find there is any chance of Jack himself going off his head like his poor uncle. Mary shan't be sacrificed if I can save her; and she shall be warned in time, so that she may not lose her heart to Jack. Poor fellow! I dare say it's a great grief to him. But still, he ought to have told me; and I think it's uncommonly low for him to have subjected me to what I have gone through to-night."

Such were my reflections until the train arrived at Paddington, whence I immediately proceeded in a hansom to Jack's lodging, "to have it out with him." I found him alone.

"Well, Norfolk," he said, quite calmly, "how do you get on? Hope the old fellow didn't bore you?"

"Really, Graham," I replied, with some indignation, "I think you needn't have treated me so thoughtlessly. You might have considered what you were doing when you asked me to spend the evening with a—"

"With a what?" he asked, raising his eyebrows.

"Well, if you must have it, with a maniac."

"My dear fellow! what do you mean?"

"Now, Graham," I replied, rather savagely, "don't make matters worse. If it's *your* idea of a joke to expose a man to the aberrations of a lunatic, it isn't mine."

"Lunatic!" he exclaimed. "what does the man mean? Has my uncle's wine been too much for you, Cimex?"

"Graham, do be serious, please. Either you knew your uncle was mad, or else you didn't. If the former, I consider it most unfriendly in you to have left me to find it out; if the latter, why, I am very sorry for you; that's all I can say."

"Upon my word, Howard," he answered, and I could see that he was quite serious, "I never knew that my uncle was not as sane as I am myself. What on earth has he done or said to make you think otherwise?"

"Oh, he hasn't *done* anything; but he *said*, three times over, things which would qualify him for Colney Hatch immediately if the commissioners had heard him."

"Good gracious, Howard, what is it? What did he say?"

"Well, first, he said that a man who was grown up in James II.'s time was his father-in-law!"

I paused to see what effect this would have upon Jack. To my surprise, he merely smiled, and asked:

"What next?"

"Next he said that his brother-in-law—your uncle's own brother-in-law, you understand—fought at the battle of Edgehill in 1642!"

"All right," said imperturable Jack; "what's the third count?"

"The third count is that the poor old gentleman talked about a nephew of his—not you, Jack, but another nephew—a nobleman, who I fancy must be dead by now, seeing that he was ninety-one years older than his uncle!"

"Is that all?" asked Jack still unmoved.

"What else would you have?"

"But *is* that all? Are you sure there's nothing else?"

"Really, Jack, old man, I didn't listen to anything else. I thought those three things were, well, stumpers. I didn't hear anything else of the same sort I confess."

"And you think from those three things that my uncle is *non compos*, eh, Sim? mad, eh?"

"As mad as a hatter or a March hare, I should say," was my reply. "I am very sorry for you, Jack; but I don't see what explanation can possibly be given. It can hardly have been a joke, surely?"

"No, it wasn't a joke," said Jack.

"Then I'm afraid there is no mistake about my conclusion; and I'm very sorry for you and your family, old man. By the way, I hope it isn't hereditary, Jack?"

"Hope what isn't hereditary?"

"Madness, mania, monomania, or whatever it ought to be called."

Jack's color rose visibly as he replied hurriedly:

"Enough of this, Norfolk; my uncle is no more mad than you are, and there are no symptoms whatever of insanity in my family."

"Then how on earth, may I ask, do you account for the very singular—h'm—anachronisms into which he fell, and to which I am ready to testify on oath?"

"My dear fellow," he replied, "it's entirely your own fault if you have been made uncomfortable by anything you have heard. Remember, I was going to tell you all about it myself, only you were too impatient to listen to me."

"Confound it all, Jack," said I, for I was feeling very impatient again at the nonchalance with which he treated the matter, "don't humbug a fellow, but just let me know at once, will you, what on earth your uncle meant by those extraordinary statements?"

"He meant nothing but the truth."

"The truth!" I echoed. "What! that he had a brother-in-law born in the reign of James the First—not George the First, mind; that would be bad enough—but James the First?"

"Yes, it's true," said Jack, simply.

I sank back in my chair. Had Jack gone mad too? What a dreadful thing!

"At least," he continued, "what is you definition of a brother-in-law?"

"Wife's brother, or sister's husband," I replied.

"But you'll admit also wife's sister's husband, won't you? In fact, if a man has two sons-in-law, they are loosely spoken of as brothers-in law to each other, you understand."

"Oh yes, I'll give you that in. I don't see that it'll make much difference."

"Well, if you admit that, it is quite true that my uncle's brother-in-law was born in 1624."

"I don't believe it," I exclaimed, "it's simply impossible."

"It can't be impossible, Norfolk," said Jack, in his matter-of-fact tone, "because it's true. Look at this. I have the whole thing written down here;" and he went to a drawer and took out a note book. "It *is* rather a curious history," he added; "but you wouldn't let me tell you when I was going to."

"Well, I'm sure I've been punished enough for that," I replied; "if you can explain these mysteries, I shall be very glad to believe in your uncle's sanity." But I felt very skeptical.

"Well, shall I begin at the end and work backward, or at the beginning and work up to the present time? It's all the same to me."

"'Begin at the beginning,'" I answered, quoting a favorite author, "'and go straight on till you come to the end; then stop.'"

"All right; then here goes! Edward, third son and fifth child of Matthew Ingram, and Elanor, his wife, only daughter and heiress of ——"

"Oh, bother all that Jack! Just come to the point and leave out everything else."

"Very well, then. Edward Ingram, afterward knighted by Charles II., was born in 1624, and died in 1703. A few months before his death, at the age of 78, he married Elizabeth Kennedy, a young girl of seventeen. Do you follow, Norfolk?"

"Yes, I'm all attention. Miss Kennedy must have been born in 1686?"

"She was. Her father, Sir Duncan Kennedy, had married very young. He was born in 1665, and in his old age he married again, and had more children. His youngest child, Gertrude Kennedy, born in 1739, was my aunt."

"Impossible!"

"Fact, though. I can't tell you all the circumstances, but the bare fact is this, that in 1816, she, being seventy-seven, was married in Scotland to my uncle, whom you saw to-day, and who was then only nineteen. I have never been able to make out how he could do such a thing; but I fear her property was an attraction."

"How old was her father when she was born?"

"Let me see, he must have been seventy-four in that year. Oh, don't think that impossible, Sim. Don't you know Campbell, the poet, was seventy-five years younger than his father, who was also seventy-five years younger than *his* father?"

"Well, it is a curious combination of odd marriages, I confess. And after all, there's nothing which may not have happened. Nobody as old as eighty seems to have come into it. But who would have thought of such a thing?"

"Yes, it is unusual," was Jack's calm remark.

"And the nephew?" I asked; "who was he? Lord Somebody?"

"Lord Crediton. He was the son of Lady Ingram by her second marriage. Old Sir Edward died in 1703, only two or three months after his ridiculous marriage, and two years afterward the young widow married Lord Crediton. Their son and heir was born in 1706, ninety-one years before my uncle was born, who was certainly his uncle by marriage."

"Well, all I can say, Jack, is that you ought always to explain these things beforehand, or it'll be no wonder if people put your uncle down for a lunatic."

"I hope your conduct was'nt very peculiar, Cimex; I'm rather afraid my uncle must be thinking you a lunatic all this time. I must set him right about that. You see, he evidently took it for granted that I had told you all about the family history."

A few days afterward Jack informed me that he had "made it all right" with his uncle, but I could never induce him to tell me what the old man had thought of my strange behavior at his hospitable table. I conjectured from the ghost of a twinkle in Jack's eye that the two Grahams, uncle and nephew, had indulged in grim attempts at laughter at my expense.

But on future occasions I found old Mr. Graham a very entertaining host, and thoroughly enjoyed the dinners I had in his house. I did not care to allude to the affair of the portraits, nor did he, with his fine old fashioned courtesy, ever cause me any more uneasiness on the subject.

The good old man died last year and left most of his property to Jack, who married my niece, Mary Skelton, a few months ago. It was only last week that a lady remarked to me that I looked very young—being, in fact, still under thirty—to have a married niece, upon which I replied loftily, to her great astonishment:

"Oh, that's nothing! Another uncle of hers (by marriage) had a brother-in-law—in the same generation as myself, you understand—who was born in the reign of James the First!"

The thrifty Scotch have a dish of their own which is rarely found in purely English homes, yet which certainly compares favorably with the Irish stew, which every ordinary household tolerates. Cock-a-leekie is, however, not exactly within reach of every economical London housekeeper by reason of the fowl that is in it, poultry being exceedingly dear in the London markets; but still on a cold, bleak winter's day there are charms in cock-a-leekie which repay the expenditure. A large capon and a couple of bunches of leeks are the essentials, to which good strong stock, well seasoned, is the accompaniment. Long stewing will reduce the capon to a state of tenderness; then it should be taken out of the pot, cut up into small pieces, placed on a deep dish, and the soup, first thickened with a little flour, be poured over it. People who have traveled and become acquainted with the possibilities of cooking can scarcely understand how slowly reform is possible in British kitchens. Certainly the quality of the food that is set before a guest in a middle class house in England is excellent, but there is a want of culinary perception, if one may say so, which is very remarkable. Cooking schools have done something to educate taste, but it will require another 20 years at least before the improvements suggested are really general.

Butter the bottom of a silver dish; take the necessary quantity of filets of soles; season them with salt and pepper, eschalots, chives, parsley (all chopped fine), lemon juice, being careful that each filet is equally seasoned; place them crown shape on the silver dish, with a few slices of truffles between, and on each side a shrimp or the tail of a crawfish and some fresh mushrooms dipped in a glass of dry sauterne; cover the dish with another of the same size, and place it on the top of the stove. When the filets are done, strain through a colander, adding a spoonful of Allemande sauce. Reduce while stirring, and add, when serving, some small pieces of beurre d'Ecrevisse, till the sauce becomes a pink color. Garnish the filets with small pieces of toasted bread and small crawfish.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Sterling exchange on London [illegible] days, $4 84½@4 84¾; do. documentary, $4 [illegible]. [illegible]

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Sterling exchange, prime bankers', [illegible] short $4 [illegible]; [illegible] commercial, [illegible] lower; documentary, [illegible] lower.

U. S. Bonds—[illegible]s, 100⅞; 4½s, 114⅝; 4s, 117¾.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Consols, 100 1-16@100 3-16 money, 100¼; 100 [illegible] account.

Silver bullion, English standard, 925 fine, per fine ounce, 52.

U. S. Bonds—[illegible]s, 104½; 4½s, 117¼; 4s, 119¾.

MONDAY, Feb. 20.

There is [illegible] in the wheat market.

Gold and Stock Reports.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.

Receipts—Wheat, 19,000 ctls; flour, 10,500 qr sks; potatoes, 10,000 sks; eggs, 19,500 doz.

CHARTERS.

To Cork, U. K., Havre or Antwerp, Am. ship [illegible] of Maine, 1525 tons, [illegible] to Cork, for orders, U. K., or continent, Nor. bark Precis, 304 tons, [illegible].

Wheat—The market is very quiet, no transactions [illegible] of importance reported; there is a fair inquiry, but high asking prices check business. Quote No. 1 shipping, $1 62½@1 65.

Barley—Market is steady, with a fair amount of business doing; good coast feed, $1 80; choice, suitable for seed, held at $1 85; choice brewing bid $1 90.

Oats—The market is firm, with a fair inquiry; good Oregon feed sold to-day at $1 85; quotations unchanged.

Corn—Small yellow sold at $1 87½ on wharf; $2 asked from warehouses.

Potatoes—Buyers and sellers disagree; small lots choice Garnet Chili sold to-day at $1 85, an extreme not to be taken as the situation of the market; round lots offering at $1 70@1 80.

Onions—Market is firmer; choice 90c@$1.

Hides—Market favorably affected by eastern advices, 18½@19c.

Salmon—Columbia river—The general features of the market are unchanged; rumored some small lots have been sold at $1 32½ on river; market quotable at $1 27½. A strong effort is making to advance prices by parties seeking control of the market.

Eggs—Fresh California, 22½@24c.

Butter—Fresh roll firm, 33@35c.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.

Wheat—$1 24 March.
Pork—$17 40.
Lard—$10 80.
Ribs—$9 10 March.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.

Wheat—Irregular; $1 26@1 31.
Flour—Dull.
Wool—Dull; fall, 15@20c; fall burry, 12@14c; spring, 20@35c; spring burry, 12@15c; pulled, 20@42c.
Hides—22½@23c.

BEERBOHM'S ENGLISH REPORTS.

LONDON, Feb. 20.

Floating cargoes—Inactive.
Cargoes on passage—Neglected; no business doing.
Mark Lane—Very heavy.
Good cargoes red winter off coast—51s.
No. 2 red winter for prompt shipment—49s.
English and French country markets—Generally cheaper.
Farmers deliveries of wheat past week—45,000 qrs.
Liverpool spot—Downward tendency.

San Francisco Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Wheat—Weak; No. 1, $1 62½@1 65; No. 2, $1 57½@1 60.

Barley—Dull; cheaper, $1 77½@1 80; brewing, $1 85@1 90; feed, $1 77½@1 82½.

Oats—Have a downward tendency; fair to choice, $1 75@1 87½; Surprise, $1 90@1 95.

Corn—Weaker; yellow, $1 77½@2; white, $2 25.

Hay—Quiet; $13@17.

Potatoes—Firm; Petaluma, $1 00@2; Humboldt reds and peachblows, $2; Oregon choice Chilis, $1 70@1 75; peerless, $1 90; early rose, $1 75@1 80.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Arrived—Saturday—Str Empire, Departure bay; str Walla Walla, Seattle.

Sunday—Str City of Chester, Portland.

Sailed—Saturday—Schr Helen Merriam, Coquille; str City of Rio Janeiro, Panama; str Gaelic, Hongkong.

Sunday—Ship Majestic, Seattle; ship Templar, Tacoma; bk Arkwright, Port Gamble; bktn North Bend, Portland; bktn Ella, Honolulu.

SANDY HOOK, Feb. 20.—10 A. M.—Sailed—Am ship David Crockett, San Francisco.

NEWCASTLE, Eng., Feb. 6.—Cleared—Br bk M. & E. Cox, San Francisco.

PORT DISCOVERY, Feb. 20.—Arrived—Bktn Tam O'Shanter, San Francisco.

PORT TOWNSEND, Feb. 20.—Arrived—Am sh Great Admiral, Philadelphia to Tacoma.

Spoken—Feb. 19, off Cape Flattery, Am sh Annie H. Smith, Philadelphia to Tacoma; Jan. 24, lat 37 N, 39, Am ship H. S. Gregory, Philadelphia to Tacoma.

Port of Astoria.

Feb. 20.—Crossed out Sunday—Indiana, Lynton, O. S. Southard, A. Robinson and Helen Marion.

Monday—Corsica, Carnegie, Stirlingshire and str Columbia.

Arrived in—9 A. M.—Str Yaquina; 1 P. M., str Oregon.

Port of Portland.

Feb. 20.—Entered—Nor bk Jorsa farer, Bergman master, 682 tons, from Rio in ballast.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK EXCHANGE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.

MORNING BOARD.

150 Ophir	4¾@4	2020 Bullion	50c
45 Mexican	9@8¾	510 S Nev	7@6⅞
230 G & C	3 25@3 20	50 Confidence	1 25
550 Cal	30@35c	750 Exchequer	65@60c
530 Savage	1⅛	1360 Overman	62c
550 Con Va	50c	150 Justice	80@85c
230 Chollar	1 10@1 15	220 Union	10¼
360 Point	60c	780 Alta	8 05@3 55
460 Jacket	1 20@1 05	160 Benton	75c
110 Alpha	1 60@1 65		

AFTERNOON SESSION.

200 N Belle	9½@9¾	70 Goodshaw	45@40c
100 Manhattan	1 50	180 Mono	1
10 Albion	1 85	100 Oro	25c
125 Wales	55c	350 M White	4 15
250 Mt Diablo	7¼	5 S. King	18¼
100 E Mt Diablo	40c	125 Pinal	3@2 95
330 Eu Tun	1 65@1 70	100 Eu Tun	1 70
100 Pay Day	1⅛	50 Bulwer	1 40
50 S Nev	5⅛	30 Bodie Tun	2
35 Tioga	10c	50 Tip Top	4 15

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[illegible]

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THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

BANKS.

D. P. THOMPSON, President. | J. W. BRAZEE, Vice Pres't. | W. V. SPENCER, Cashier.

The Portland Savings Bank

OF PORTLAND, OREGON,

PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

RATES—Three per cent. per annum on deposits for three months; four per cent. per annum on deposits for six months; six per cent. per annum on deposits for twelve months.

Directors:
D. P. Thompson, J. W. Brazee, M. S. Burrell,
Frank Dekum, J. N. Dolph, S. Hirsch,
S. G. Skidmore, Geo. W. Weidler, W. V. Spencer,
Wm. Burnell, J. T. Ghiselen, E. S. Kearney,
R. M. Wade

Union Block, Corner Second and Stark sts.

BANK OF OREGON,

49 First Street, Portland,

MAKES LOANS ON FIRST MORTGAGES OVER Improved Farm Lands and Portland City Properties, in sums of one hundred dollars and upwards; also on State, County and City Bonds and Warrants. Rate of interest at [illegible] per cent. per annum.

Deposits received and interest allowed thereon at the rate of

4 per cent per annum on 3 months' deposits
4½ per cent per annum on 6 months' deposits
5 per cent per annum on 9 months' deposits
6 per cent per annum on 12 months' deposits

dec18dw ROBERT BELL, Pres't.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

Deposits Received in Coin and Currency.

COLLECTIONS MADE ON ALL POINTS.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE ON

SAN FRANCISCO, LONDON,
NEW YORK, PARIS,
CHICAGO, BERLIN,
ST. LOUIS, FRANKFORT-ON-MAIN
WASHINGTON, D. C., And HONG KONG.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Paid Up Capital..........$ 2,000,000
With power to increase to..... 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE...28 Cornhill, London.
BRANCHES........Victoria, B. C., San Francisco and Portland.

AGENTS:

NEW YORK, CHICAGO, CANADA.......Bank of Montreal.
MEXICO AND SOUTH AMERICA...London Bank of Mexico and South America.
IRELAND..........Bank of Ireland.
SCOTLAND.........British Linen Company.
ENGLAND..........National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL.......Bank of Liverpool. North & South Wales Bank.

This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe, New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

FRED'K TOWNSEND, Manager.

[illegible]

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID UP CAPITAL..........$5,000,000.

Head Office, London, England.

Branches in the Dominion of Canada:
Montreal, Kingston, Fredericton, N. B.
Quebec, Brantford, St. John, N. B.
Toronto, London, Halifax,
Hamilton, Ottawa, Victoria, B. C.

In the United States:
New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Portland, Or.

AGENTS:
SCOTLAND—National Bank of Scotland. Commercial Bank of Scotland.
IRELAND—Provincial Bank, Ireland. National Bank of Ireland.
ENGLAND—National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL—Bank of Liverpool.
PARIS, FRANCE—Marcuard, Andre & Co.

Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers bought and sold. Bills discounted and collected. Loans made. Moneys received on special deposit or on current account, subject to check; Commercial Credit granted and a General Banking business transacted.

J. GOODFELLOW, Agent

MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK,

OF OREGON.

48 First Street, Portland.

INTEREST ALLOWED DEPOSITORS:
Four months 4 per cent.
Six months 4½ "
Nine months 5 "
One year........ 5½ "

INTEREST CHARGED ON LOANS:

NINE PER CENT.

The undersigned has loaned over FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS since 1874, on Farms and City Properties, and guarantees all loans payable within this State.

WILLIAM REID, Managing Director.

PORTLAND

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Corner of Stark and First Streets, Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank.

Over 10,000 Volumes & 100 or 125 Papers and Periodicals.

MEMBERSHIP FREE TO ALL.

Monthly Dues $1..............Quarterly Dues $3

Directors:
WILLIAM M. LADD, ADDISON C. GIBBS,
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MATTHEW P. DEADY, M. W. FECHHEIMER,
H. W. CORBETT, H. FAILING,
E. S. KEARNEY, R. H. LAMSON.

M. P. DEADY..........President
H. FAILING..........Vice President
P. C. SCHUYLER..........Treasurer
M. W. FECHHEIMER..........Corresponding Secretary
HENRY A. OXER.....Librarian and Recording Sec'y

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF A writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of the District Court of the United States for said district, at the suit of the United States, to me directed and delivered, commanding me to sell the following described property, to-wit: Eleven cases and two kegs of brandy, three cases of gin, eight kegs of whisky, one case of claret and one keg of old rum; which said property was, by definite judgment and decree of the said District Court in this cause made and pronounced on the 3rd day of February, 1882, [illegible] forfeited to the use of the said United States, and was ordered to be sold as aforesaid, after giving due notice according to law and the rules of said court; I hereby give notice that on Saturday, the 25th day of February, 1882, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the U. S. Appraiser's store, corner of [illegible] streets, in the city of Portland, in said district, I will expose for sale, at public auction, and will sell to the highest bidder therefor, for cash in hand, the said property above described. Dated at Portland, Oregon, this 8th day of February, 1882.

EDWARD S. KEARNEY,
5d1t U. S. Marshal, District of Oregon.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF A writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of the District Court of the United States for said district, at the suit of the United States, to me directed and delivered, commanding me to sell the following described property, [illegible] by the said District Court in this cause [illegible] day of February, 1882, ordered to be forfeited to the use of the said United States, and was ordered to be sold as aforesaid, after giving due notice according to law and the rules of said court; I hereby give notice that on Saturday, the 25th day of February, 1882, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the U. S. Appraiser's store, corner North Front and [illegible] streets, in the city of Portland, in said district, I will expose for sale at public auction, and will sell to the highest bidder therefor, for cash in hand, the said property above described. Dated at Portland, Oregon, this 8th day of February, 1882. EDWARD S. KEARNEY,
5d1t U. S. Marshal, District of Oregon.

GRAND BONA FIDE

Clearance Sale.

AT

Kerron & Macbeth's

Will Commence Wednesday, Feb. 1st

Having finished our annual inventory, we find our stock much larger than anticipated, and have resolved to reduce the same, and in order to effect a speedy clearance, we will offer

OUR ENTIRE STOCK FOR THIRTY DAYS AT COST PRICES.

We will convince the most skeptical, by examining our prices, that we mean business, as our stock is well assorted in every department. We would call special attention to this sale of General Merchandise, consisting of

DRY GOODS, STAPLE AND FANCY,
MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
GENTS' HATS AND FURNISHING GOODS,
BOOTS AND SHOES, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

1000 REMNANTS AT 30 PER CENT BELOW COST.

KERRON & MACBETH,

173 AND 175 SECOND STREET, PORTLAND, OR.

Established 1858

[illegible] SHERLOCK, SUCCESSOR TO

S. SHERLOCK,

Manufacturer and Importer of

Saddles, Harness & Saddlery Hardware.

Also a Complete Assortment

HEAVY CALIFORNIA TREES,

For Stockmen's saddles

N. E. cor. Front and Oak Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Agent for Knight's Patent Drover Stirrup & Hickory Whipstocks

Engines and Boilers

FOR SALE.

INQUIRE OF

SMITH BROS. & WATSON, IRON WORKS

PORTLAND, OREGON.

E. MARTIN & CO.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS,

AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILTON J. HARDY OLD BOURBON AND PURE OLD RYE WHISKIES

AND THE

ARGONAUT BRANDS OF WHISKIES,

408 FRONT ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. 128 & 130 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, OR.

GOLDSMITH, 21 Cliff Street, New York. J. LOEWENBERG, Portland.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,

84 and 86 FRONT ST.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Ranges, Metals

LEAD AND IRON PIPE,

Tinner and Plumber's Stock,

HYDRAULIC RAMS, INDIA RUBBER HOSE,

House-Furnishing Hardware,

FORCE & LIFT PUMPS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

Oregon Stove Foundry

LIVERY AND HACK STABLES.

OREGON TRANSFER CO.

GENERAL

[illegible]

FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE FORWARDED and Delivered with Dispatch.

PIANOS AND FURNITURE MOVED.

ORDERS FOR HACKS promptly attended to, Day or Night.

Office—S. W. Cor. Second and Stark Sts.

Mark Care O. T. Co.

CITY STABLES

AND

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

107 SECOND STREET.

ACKER & LEIHY,

Carriages, Coupes and First-class Livery Teams at All Hours.

Carriage Stands, Esmond Hotel & City Stables.

Orders for Carriages at all hours, Day or Night, will receive prompt attention.

Keep on hand a Large Stock of Buggies, Hacks, Carriages, Harness, etc., for sale.

FEED STORE AND STABLE.

THERE IS MANURE AT THE NO. 1 STABLE and Feed Store, corner of Front and Market sts., that will be sold and delivered within the city, at any reasonable place, at a reasonable price.

GOOD, CLEAN, BRIGHT OAT STRAW for sale and Beds filled for 50c per bed.

12d1m JOS. BARSTOW.

The Great English Remedy.

VITAL RESTORATIVE

Is a never-failing Cure for Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Paralysis, and all the terrible effects of Self-Abuse, Youthful Follies, and excesses in maturer years, such as Loss of Memory, Lassitude, Nocturnal Emissions, Aversion to Society, Dimness of Vision, Noises in the Head; the vital fluid passing unobserved in the urine, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and death.

DR. MINTIE will agree to forfeit Five Hundred Dollars for a case of this kind the VITAL RESTORATIVE (under his special advice and treatment) will not cure; or for anything impure or injurious found in it. DR. MINTIE treats all private diseases successfully without mercury. Consultation free. Thorough examination and advice, including analysis of urine, $5 00. Price of Vital Restorative $3 00 a bottle, or four times the quantity, $10 00; sent to any address upon receipt of price, or C. O. D., secure from observation; and in private name, if desired, by

A. E. MINTIE, M. D.,
11 Kearny street, San Francisco, Cal.

DR. MINTIE'S KIDNEY REMEDY, NEPHRETICUM, cures all kinds of Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa. For sale by all druggists; $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

DR. MINTIE'S DANDELION PILLS are the best and cheapest DYSPEPSIA and BILIOUS cure in the market. For sale by all druggists.

HODGE, DAVIS & CO., Portland, Or., Wholesale Agents.

All orders for medicines C. O. D. must be accompanied with $1 00 as a guarantee of good faith, which will be deducted when the package is shipped.

COMPOUND OXYGEN.

NEW TREATMENT BY INHALATION, for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Debility, Rheumatism, Headache, Neuralgia, and all Chronic and Nervous Disorders. Prepared by DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, Philadelphia, Pa. Package contains all directions, and is easily sent by express, ready for USE AT HOME. H. E. MATHEWS, Forwarding Agent, 606 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. Send for Free Pamphlets.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE IN ADMIRALTY.—United States of America, District of Oregon, ss. By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, at the suit of J. F. Coyne, et al., libelants, against the steamboat "Gazelle," to me directed and delivered, commanding that the said steamboat "Gazelle," her tackle, apparel and furniture be sold to the highest bidder for cash, upon ten days' notice of such sale by publication in The Daily Oregonian newspaper, [illegible] entered on the 27th day of August, 1881, now, therefore, I hereby give notice that, in pursuance of said writ, I will, on Friday, the 24th day of February, 1882, at 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the foot of Columbia street, in the city of Portland, county of Multnomah, State of Oregon, in said district, sell the said steamboat "Gazelle," her tackle, apparel and furniture, at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, for cash in hand. Dated at Portland, in said district, this 13th day of February, 1882.

EDWARD S. KEARNEY,
U. S. Marshal for the District of Oregon.
McDOUGALL & BOWER, Proctors. f13dtd

OCEAN STEAMERS.

For Yaquina Bay and Return, Direct.

THE A 1 NEW STEAMER

YAQUINA

WILL SAIL FOR NEWPORT, ONEATTA, TOledo, Yaquina Bay

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11th.

Sailing day for next trip

SATURDAY, APRIL 1st.

Office and landing Pacific Dock, foot of Salmon st.
Z. J. HATCH, Agent.

SHIPPING UP FOR PORTLAND.

The American ship "WILNA," Lombard master, 1153 tons register, is now loading at New York with general cargo, to sail

ABOUT MARCH 1st,

FOR PORTLAND. As the balance of disengaged room is limited, shippers will oblige by making their engagements immediately.

VAN VLECK & CO., Agents,
101 Wall street, New York City.
C. H. PRESCOTT, Consignee, Portland. 7d1m

FOR PORTLAND.

Is loading and will follow the "James A. Garfield, the schooner

NORTH BEND.

For freight apply to SIMPSON BROS. & CO.,
44 Market St., San Francisco.

Sutton & Co's Dispatch Line

For Portland, Oregon.

THE A1 FIRST CLASS SHIP

[illegible]

Will follow the "Elwell", quick dispatch,

FROM NEW YORK FOR PORTLAND

As the balance of disengaged room is limited, shippers will oblige by making their engagements immediately.

SUTTON & CO.,
82 South St., New York.
ALLEN & LEWIS, Agents, Portland, Or. 12d1m

MARKETS.

A. H. JOHNSON,

Central Market,

Wholesale Butcher and Packer.

Special attention paid to supplying ships.

Highest price paid for all kinds of fat stock.

J. S. KELLER,

Corner of Madison and First Sts.,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

DR. GIBBON'S

DISPENSARY,

623 KEARNY ST. corner of Commercial street, San Francisco, Established in 1854, for the treatment of sexual and Seminal diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and Lost Manhood, can positively be cured. The sick and afflicted should not fail to call upon him. The Doctor has traveled extensively in Europe, and inspected thoroughly the various hospitals there, obtaining a great deal of valuable information, which he is competent to impart to those in need of his services. DR. GIBBON will make no charge unless he effects a cure. Persons at a distance may be cured at home. All communications strictly confidential. Send $10 for a package of medicine. You see no one but the Doctor. Persons writing to the Doctor will please state the name of the paper they seen this advertisement in. Charges reasonable. Call or write. Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, Box 1957, San Francisco. jy4tf

DR. JORDAN & CO.,

MUSEUM OF ANATOMY.

571 Market St., San Francisco.

(The only pupils in California of the great Prof. Ricord of Paris) can be consulted at the office, 211 Geary St., in English or German, privately or by letter, on Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, Disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, Stricture, Rupture, Catarrh, Syphilis, and Diseases of the blood and skin, cured without the use of mercury. A valuable book, in English or German, "The Philosophy of Marriage," sent free to any address. 5d1f

GOOD SAMARITAN HOSPITAL

Corner of L and Twenty-first Sts.,

GEO. W. BOYD.........Superintendent
SISTER MARY.........Sister in Charge

TERMS,

Including board, medicine and medical attendance:
Wards.........$ 7 per week
Private Rooms.........10 per week

DR. HOLT C. WILSON.........Attending Physician
For admission apply at the Hospital. eod

RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS.

Oregon Railway and Navigation Company.

OCEAN DIVISION.

Between San Francisco and Portland.

LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO AT 10 A. M.			LEAVE PORTLAND at 12 Midnight.		
Oregon.	State of California.	Columbia.	Columbia.	Oregon.	State of California.
Jan. 4	Jan. 9	Jan. 14	Jan. 5	Jan. 10	Jan.
Jan. 19	Jan. 24	Jan. 29	Jan. 20	Jan. 25	Jan.
Feb. 3	Feb. 8	Feb. 13	Feb. 4	Feb. 9	Feb.
Feb. 18	Feb. 23	Feb. 28	Feb. 19	Feb. 24	Mar.
Mar. 5	Mar. 10	Mar. 15	Mar. 6	Mar. 11	Mar.
Mar. 20	Mar. 25	Mar. 30	Mar. 21	Mar. 26	Mar.

Right is reserved to change steamers or sailing days.

Through Tickets sold to all principal cities in the United States and Canada.

RIVER AND RAIL DIVISIONS.

Columbia, Willamette and Yamhill Rivers.

NOVEMBER 20, 1881.

Leave Portland for	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
Dalles, Walla Walla, Umatilla and up-river points	7 AM	7 AM	7 AM	7 AM	7 AM	7 AM
Astoria, Kalama, Tacoma, Seattle	6 AM	6 AM	6 AM	6 AM	6 AM	6 AM
Victoria, New Westminster	6 AM	......	6 AM	......	6 AM	......
Cath'am't, Bay View, Skom'ckway, Brookf'ld	6 AM	......	6 AM	......	6 AM	......
Westport, Clifton, Knappa	......	6 AM	......	6 AM	......	6 AM
Dayton, Or	7 AM	......	7 AM	......	7 AM	......
Corvallis and intermediate points	6 AM	......	......	6 AM	......	......

NARROW GAUGE DIVISION.

EAST SIDE DIVISION.

BETWEEN PORTLAND AND BROWNSVILLE via O. & C. R. R. to Woodburn.

MONDAY, DEC. 12, 1881.

Trains for Brownsville leave Portland at 7:30 A. M. on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Brownsville	[illegible]
Brownsville	8:30 A. M.	Portland	[illegible]

Trains for Portland leave Brownsville at 8:30 A. M. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

WEST SIDE DIVISION.

BET. PORTLAND, SHERIDAN AND AIRLIE via O. & C. R. R. to Whites.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	8:15 A. M.	Airlie	[illegible]
Sheridan	9:36 A. M.	Sheridan	[illegible]
Airlie	7:00 A. M.	Portland	[illegible]

FREIGHT

For all points on Narrow Gauge Division will be received and forwarded by the O. & C. R. R., East and West Side Divisions, respectively.

C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager.

General Offices—Cor. Front and D Streets.

J. McCRAKEN & CO., Ag'ts State of California.

A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket agent O. R. & N. Co.

JOHN MUIR, Superintendent of Traffic.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA

AND

TACOMA TO WILKESON

(Coal Mines.)

South Bound. No. 1 Pass.	STATIONS.	North Bound. No. 2 Pass.
Arrive 12.00 M	Kalama	Leave 11.0
9.50 A M	Newaukum	1.4
9.30 A M	Centerville	1.2
9.10 A M	Tenino	1.2
Leave 7.30 A M	Tacoma	Arrive 2.3

East Bound. No. 7. Mixed.	Puyallup Road.	West Bound. No. 6. Mixed.
Leave 1.45 P M	Tacoma	Arrive [illegible]
Arrive 5.00 P M	Carbonado	Leave [illegible]

Connections.

At Tacoma with Pacific Mail Steamships for San Francisco, and with Sound steamers for Victoria, Seattle, Olympia and all points on Puget Sound.

At Lake View with stage for Steilacoom.

At Tenino with the Olympia and Tenino Railroad for Olympia.

At Kalama with O. R. & N. Co.'s boats for Portland and all railroad and steamship lines centering at Portland.

PEN D'OREILLE DIVISION.

Wallula Junction to Spokan Falls.

East Bound. No. 1 Mixed.	STATIONS.	West Bound. No. 2 Mixed.
Leave 5:00 A M	Wallula Junction	Arrive 8:40 P
7:00 A M	Ainsworth	6:20 P
11:30 A M	Ritzville	2:16
12:42 P M	Sprague	12:07
2:32 P M	Cheney	11:08
3:36 P M	Spokane Falls	9:56
Arrive 8:27 P M	Lake Pen d'Oreille	Leave 5:10 A

Connections.

At Wallula Junction with the O. R. & N. Co.'s railroad lines.

At Cheney with stages for Medical Lake, Spangle and Farmington.

At Spokan Falls with stages for Colfax, Fort Colville, Lewiston, Medical Lake, Spangle, Fort Cœur d'Alene, Lake Pend d'Oreille, and all points in Northern Idaho.

Through Tickets.

Through tickets for sale at the principal offices of the Company, and at the office of the O. R. & N. Co. in Portland, Oregon, to Victoria and Seattle, via P. M. S. S. Co. steamships from Tacoma and O. R. & N. Co.'s and P. C. S. S. Co.'s steamships from Portland to San Francisco.

Through tickets to Portland, Oregon, for sale at stations, Seattle, Tacoma and Tenino.

J. W. SPRAGUE, Gen'l Sup't.
JOHN MUIR, Sup't of Traffic, Portland.
OTIS SPRAGUE, Sup't Pac. Div.
H. W. FAIRWEATHER, Sup't Pen d'Oreille.
au1

Oregon & California R.R. Co.

On and after Oct. 11, 1880, trains will run as follows

(DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

Eastside Division.

BETWEEN PORTLAND and ROSEBURG

Mail Train

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	7:30 A.M.	Roseburg	[illegible]
Roseburg	5:00 A.M.	Portland	[illegible]

Albany Express Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	4:00 P.M.	Lebanon	[illegible]
Lebanon	4:45 A.M.	Portland	[illegible]

Freight Trains

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	6:15 A.M.	Junction	[illegible]
Junction	5:45 A.M.	Portland	[illegible]

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all regular trains on Eastside Division.

Westside Division.

BETWEEN PORTLAND and CORVALLIS

Mail Train

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8:00 A.M.	Corvallis	[illegible]
Corvallis	8:30 A.M.	Portland	[illegible]

Close connections made at Roseburg with Stages of the California and Oregon Stage Company.

Tickets for sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's office.

Corner F and Front Sts., Portland, Or.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Company's warehouse over twenty-four hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after [illegible] o'clock P. M. on either the East or Westside Division.

J. BRANDT, Gen'l Sup't.
E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Fr't & Pass'r Ag't
K. KOEHLER, Manager.

FOR ASTORIA—FAST TIME.

THE C. T. COMPANY'S STEAMER

FLEETWOOD,

Which has been thoroughly refitted for the comfort of passengers, will leave the foot of Morrison street on Saturday, Jan. 28th, and on each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, thereafter, at 6 A. M., carrying passengers, and arriving at Astoria at 1:30 P. M. Returning, leaves Astoria on each Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M., arrives at Portland at 2 P. M. Passengers by this route connect at Kalama for Seattle.

C. A. MANN, Secretary. U. B. SCOTT, President. 17d1m

People's Transportation Co.

STEAMER WASHINGTON,

CAPTAIN J. H. BUROY, will leave Portland at 2:30 P. M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted. For freight and passage apply on board, foot of Morrison street. Towing from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Independent Freight & Passenger Steamer

A. A. McCULLY,

I. B. SANBURN..........Master

Will leave Portland

For Wheatland, Lincoln, Salem, Eola, Independence, Fairview, Buena Vista, Albany, Corvallis, Harrisburg, and all intermediate points on Willamette river.

Office and landing, Pacific Dock.

928 Z. J. HATCH, Agent, 250 Front street.

Vancouver Transportation Co.

STRS. LURLINE or VANCOUVER, CAPT. JAS. T. GRAY, leave Portland at 3 P. M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted. For freight or passage apply on board, at foot of Yamhill street, Northrup & Thompson's dock.

TOWING between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

TRENKMAN & WOLFF,

MACHINISTS,

Corner F and Third Streets.

Housework, Doors, Railings, Iron Shutters and Machinery of all descriptions. Planing and Moulding Tools to order.